MA TRẬN ĐỀ KIỂM TRA KHOI 11 NGÀY : 18 – 11 - 2024

UNIT 2

DO AS DIRECTED IN BRACKETS

WRITE THE WORD WHOSE UNDERLINED PART DIFFERS FROM THE OTHER THREE IN PRONUNCIATION

Question 1, Question 2:Kiểm tra $-\text{ed } v\grave{a} - e(s)$

WRITE THE WORD THAT DIFFERS FROM THE OTHER THREE IN THE POSITION OF PRIMARY STRESS

Question 3, Question 4:

Words stressed	media, ballet, parents, campsite, zombie, bargain, outfit, pudding, salad, taco, vegan,		
on the first	Muslim, calorie, peanut, chocolate, pasta, average, football, studio, image,		
syllable	abseiling, bungee, circuit, purchase, playground, organize, restaurant, decorate, travel,		
	hobby, threaten, worry, finish, confident, centre, service, safety, tennis, tower, century,		
	challenge, capture, serious, mountain, different, visitor, ballroom,		
Words stressed	photography ,gymnastics, computer, guitar, collect, appeal , accept, risotto , lasagne,		
on the second	intolerant, location, display, Karate, exhaust, relieve, upset, athletics, container,		
syllable:	provide, replace, success, event, example, , suggestion, astronomy, opinion,		
	improvement,		

GIVE THE CORRECT FORM OF THE WORD IN THE BRACKETS Ouestion 5:

Question	J.
Question	6:

1)	Act (v)		= hành động
		(n)	= nam diễn viên
		(n)	= nữ diễn viên
		(n)	= nhà hoạt động
		(n)	= hoạt động
		(n)	= tình trạng không vận động
		(adj)	= tích cực
		(adj)	= không hoạt động
		(adv)	= một cách tích cực
2)		(v)	= sáng tạo
		(n)	= sự sáng tạo
		(n)	= tính sáng tạo
		(adj)	= sáng tạo
		(adv)	= sáng tạo
3)		(v)	= khác
		(n)	= sự khác nhau
		(adj)	= khác nhau
		(adv)	= khác nhau
4)		(v)	= tưởng tượng
		(n)	= trí tưởng tượng
		(adj)	= ảo, không có thực
		(adj)	= giàu trí tưởng tượng
		(adj)	= có thể tưởng tượng ra
		(adv)	= giàu trí tưởng tượng
		(adv)	= có thể tưởng tượng ra
5)		(v)	= thành công
		(n)	= thành công
		(adj)	= thành công
		(adj)	= không thành công
		(adv)	= thành công
		(adv)	= không thành công

FILL THE BLANK WITH A SUITABLE WORD OR PHRASE

Question 7, Question 8

PREPOSITIONS & PHRASAL VERBS

1)	To hang with s	b	= đi chơi với	į
2)	To fill sth sth		= làm đầy	
3)	To walk out sb		= rời bỏ ai	
4)	To replace sb / sth	sb/sth	= thay thế	

5) = to begin to be involved in sth

To get _____ sth
Be suitable _____sth / sb 6) = phù hợp 7) To go = to happen 8) To ask sb = xin

COLLOCATIONS

= múa ballet 1) To do ballet 2) = diễn kich To do drama = tập thể dục 3) To do gymnastics = tập tạ 4) To do weights 5) To do photography: = chụp ảnh = tâp võ thuật 6) To do martial arts 7) = chơi bài To play cards 8) To play chess = chơi cờ 9) To play basketball = chơi bóng rố

10) To play board games = chơi trò chơi trên bàn 11) To play ice hockey = chơi khúc côn cầu trên băng

To play a musical instrument = chơi nhac cu 12) 13) To go bowling: = choi bowling To go camping: = cắm trai 14)

To go ballroom dancing 15) = đi tới phòng khiêu vũ

16) To go cycling = đap xe 17) To go shopping = đi mua sắm 18) To go skateboarding = đi trươt ván 19) To go rollerblading = đi trượt patin To go running = chay bô 20)

GIVE THE CORRECT TENSE OF THE VERB IN THE BRACKETS USING PAST SIMPLE, PAST PERFECT, PRESENT PERFECT AND PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS.

. Question 9, Question 10, Question 11

FILL IN EACH BLANK WITH WORDS IN THE BOX. THERE ARE 4 WORDS WHICH YOU DO NOT NEED TO USE. USE EACH WORD OR PHRASE ONLY ONCE.

Question 12, Question 13: / Question 14, Question 15:

Sử dụng những từ sau đây

- 1) Social media (n)
- 2) Marital arts (n)
- 3) Weight (n)
- 4) Photography (n)
- 5) Campsite (n)
- 6) Zombie
- 7) Bargain
- 8) Memorabilia (n)
- 9) Flood light (n)
- 10) Football pitch (n)
- 11) Mountain range (n)
- 12) Tennis court (n)
- 13) Safety net (n)
- 14) Sea shore (n)
- 15) Tower block (n)
- 16) Athletics (n)
- 17) Course (n)
- 18) Ring (n)
- 19) Studio (n)

- 20) Track (n)
- 21) Lane (n)
- 22) Location (n)
- 23) Gift (n)
- 24) Similarity (n)
- 25) Image (n)
- 26) Parkour (n)
- 27) Astronomy (n)
- 28) Playground (n)
- 29) performance (n)
- 30) stall (n)

Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence. Use the word given and other words to complete each sentence. You must not use more than five words. Do not change the word given.

PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS, PAST PERFECT

Question 16

Question 17:

Ouestion 18

USE THE SUGGESTED WORDS TO MAKE MEANINGFUL SENTENCES

Tenses /modal verbs

Question 19: / Question 20

I) CHOOSE THE WORD WHOSE UNDERLINED PART DIFFERS FROM THE OTHER THREE IN PRONUNCIATION

INOMORE	INDIVIDUATION		
/ Id /	t,d		
/t/	p, k, f, ph, gh, ss, ce, sh, ch, x		
/d /	Còn lại (b,l,m,n, s, r, v,)		
	Chú ý gh (weighed, ploughed)		

1)	A. discussed	B. enclosed	C. advanc <u>ed</u>	D. finished
2)	A. lov <u>ed</u>	B. lik <u>ed</u>	C. stopp <u>ed</u>	D. fix <u>ed</u>
3)	A. concerned	B. attracted	C. declared	D. believ <u>ed</u>
4)	A. determined	B. disagreed	C. disapproved	D. sacrificed
5)	A. confided	B. suggested	C. believ <u>ed</u>	D. admitt <u>ed</u>
6)	A. kissed	B. wrapp <u>ed</u>	C. changed	D. chanced
7)	A. turn <u>ed</u>	B. tried	C. reached	D. climb <u>ed</u>
8)	A. jump <u>ed</u>	B. missed	C. wash <u>ed</u>	D. wav <u>ed</u>

	S / ES		
/ s /	P, k, t, f, gh, ph		
	Chú ý IC (mechanics, phonetics)		
/Iz/	/Iz/ S, ss, z, ce, x, ge, sh, ch		
/z /	/z / Còn lại (b, d, l,m, n, r, v,y, i)		
	Chú ý gh (weighs, ploughs)		

9)	A. help <u>s</u>	B. laugh <u>s</u>	C. work <u>s</u>	D. hang <u>s</u>
10)	A. class <u>es</u>	B. rid <u>es</u>	C. kiss <u>es</u>	D. churches
11)	A. waterfalls	B. valleys	C. deserts	D. mountains
12)	A. catches	B. tri <u>es</u>	C. shines	D. liv <u>es</u>
13)	A. cliffs	B. rocks	C. streams	D. lake <u>s</u>
14)	A. backgrounds	B. valleys	C. deserts	D. mountains
15)	A. offers	B. designs	C. behaves	D. visit <u>s</u>

II) WRITE THE WORD THAT DIFFERS FROM THE OTHER THREE IN THE POSITION OF PRIMARY STRESS

words stressed on the first syllable media, ballet, parents, campsite, zombie, bargain, outfit, pudding, salad, taco, Muslim, calorie, peanut, chocolate, pasta, average, football, studio, abseiling, bungee, circuit, purchase, playground, organize, restaurant, decorate, hobby, threaten, worry, finish, confident, centre, service, safety, tennis, tower, centre, capture, serious, mountain, different, visitor, ballroom,					
	Words stressed			lect, appeal, accept, risotto, lasagne,	
	on the second syllable:			relieve, upset, athletics, container, , suggestion, astronomy, opinion,	
	synable.	improvement,	eccess, event, example,	, suggestion, astronomy, opinion,	
1	· •	B. guitar	C. football	D. mountain	
2) A. computer	B. restaurant	C. calorie	D. visitor	
3) A. replace	B. exhaust	C. worry	D. appeal	
4) A. playgrour	nd B. travel	C. outfit	D. event	
5) A. success	B. tennis	C. challenge	D. vegan	
6) A. improven	nent B. example	C. century	d. gymnastics	
7) A. opinion	B. astronomy	C. photography	D. confident	
8) A. container	B. studio	C. suggestion	D. karate	
9) A. image	B. lasagne	C. display	D. event	
1	0) A. confident	B. serious	C. risotto	D. different	

III) GIVE THE CORRECT FORM OF THE WORD IN THE BRACKETS

BÀI	TẬP (ÔN KIÊM TRA KHỐI 11 (18 -11` - 2024) She's the highest-paid in Hollywood. (act)
	2)	It's bad for your health to be physically(act)
	3)	I've beenlooking for a job for six months. (active)
	4)	There was a lot ofin preparation for the Queen's visit. (act)
	5)	He's been a trade union for many years.
	6)	Hollywood's favourite was modest about his latest triumph.
	7)	Don't suddenly take up violent exercise after years of (act)
	8)	Although he's quite old he's still very (act)
	9)	The plan should result in the of 2000 new jobs. (create)
	10)	We're looking for young people with(create)
	11)	She's very; she writes and paints. (create)
	12)	Teachers have to teach students to think(create)
	13)	There is a tremendous between them. (differ)
	14)	There are substantial between the two groups. (differ)
	15)	French cheeses are exported to many countries. (differ)
	16)	There are no significant between the education systems of the two countries (differ)
	17)	Emily is very/completely/entirely from her sister. (differ)
	18)	Boys and girls may behave (differ)
	19)	The new policies appear to have caught theof the public. (imagine)
	20)	As a child I had an friend called Polly. (imagine)
	21)	If she can make up stories, she is certainly a verygirl. (imagine)
	22)	The room was decorated very (imagine)
	23)	I regret to inform you that your application was(success)
	24)	This arrangement has operatedfor the past six years. (succeed)
	25)	Although his flight lasted only 108 minutes, its made him a national hero. (succeed)
	26)	They were in winning the contract. (succeed)
IV)	FILI 1)	THE BLANK WITH A SUITABLE WORD OR PHRASE We'd hang with him all the time.
	2)	He filled the bottle wine.
	3)	She suddenly walked out her husband, leaving him to bring up the children.
	4)	They replaced the permanent staff part-timers.
	5)	My parents were always terrified of gettingdebt.
	6)	The house is not really suitable a large family.
	7)	I don't know what's going
	8)	He repeatedly asked Bailey the report.
	9)	We don't gymnastics at school.
	10)	Ricky and his robot grow tired of playing hide-and-seek, so they decide to skateboarding
	11)	We spent an enjoyable evening cards.
	12)	The boys camping in Greece last year.

13)	She ballet every day.
14)	When I arrived, they were board games.
15)	When I was young, I used to martial arts
16)	Franballroom dancing last night.
17)	He isthe Piano in the living room.
18)	When I got tired of watching the bow or reading or chess, I would often watch Morris at work
19)	He likes cycling
20)	What time do you want to bowling?

V) GIVE THE CORRECT TENSE OF THE VERB IN THE BRACKETS USING PAST SIMPLE, PAST PERFECT, PRESENT PERFECT AND PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS.

TENSE	USES
Past simple (quá khứ đơn) Active: S + V +ed/ v 2 S + didn't + V Did + S + V?	hành động xảy ra và hoàn thành trong quá khứ :: yesterday, last night (week / month / year), three weeks ago
Past perfect (quá khứ hoàn thành)	1 hành động xảy ra trong quá khứ và chấm dứt trước l
Active : S+ had +p.p	hành động khác.
Present perfect (hiện tại hoàn thành) Active S + have + pp Has S + haven't / hasn't + P.P Have / Has + S + P.P Present perfect continuous (hiện tại hoàn thành tiếp diễn)	 a) Hành động xảy ra trong quá khứ không xác định rõ thời gian. Nó được dùng với các trạng từ sau đây: ever? (có bao giờ), never (chưa bao giờ), yet (?) (chưa), not yet (chưa), before (trước đây), lately= recently (mới đây), just (vừa mới), already (rồi) b) Hành động bắt đầu trong quá khứ tiếp tục đến hiện tại. Nó được dùng với: for + khoảng thời gian, since + mốc thời gian, so far (cho đến nay) Hành động xảy ra trong quá khứ tiếp tục đến hiện tại nhấn mạnh tính liên tục
Active S + have + been + V+ING	 I've been working here for five years.
Has	He's been learning English since 1990.She's been typing letters all day.
PRESENT PERFECT	PAST SIMPLE
Hành động bắt đầu trong quá khứ tiếp tục đến hiện tại. — We have lived there for 5 years (and we still live here now)	Hành động xảy ra và chấm dứt trong quá khứ. — We lived there for 5 years (We don't live there any more)

PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS

- Nhấn mạnh hành động xảy ra liên tục qua một khoảng thởi gian. Hành động có thể chẩm dứt hoặc chưa chấm dứt
 - We've been touring Scotland.
 - I've been writing an essay. I'm tired now.
- 2) Nói về *how long* (bao lâu)
 - Rachel has been playing music <u>all day</u>.
 - I've been ironing shirts **since 10:30**

PRESENT PERFECT

- Nhấn mạnh hành động đã chấm dứt nhưng có kết quả ở hiện tại
 - We've finished our tour of Scotland.
 - I've written an essay. I can hand it in
- 2) Nói về *how many / how much* (bao nhiêu)
 - Rachel has played at least twenty CDs
 - I've ironed eight shirts.
 - How many driving lessons have you

•		HÓI 11 (18 -11` - 202 4 n learning to drive?	had? 3) Nói về hơ	ow long (bao lâu) đối với	động từ	
			_	ợc dùng thì tiếp diễn ave you known him?		
			110w long 112	ive you known mm:		
1)	I (finish)	readin	g the book yesterday			
2)	I (not receive) your email yet.					
3)	I (not receive)	у	our email last week.			
4)	She paid for her ti	cket and (leave)				
5)	I (just finish)	rea	ading the book			
6)	The rain started to	vo hours ago. It's still	raining now. It (rain)		for 2 hours.	
7)	When I went back	to the shop, they (sell)	_ the book I (want)		
8)	I didn't watch the	film because I (see) _		_ it before.		
9)	After Alice had de	one the shopping, she (pick)	her children up from	n school.	
10)	When I found my	wallet, I discovered so	omebody (take)	the cr	edit cards out of it.	
11)	He (lose)	his ke	ys, so now he cannot	get into his house.		
12)						
13)	They (watch)	m	ovies all day. They n	need to take a break!		
14)	He (not finish) _		reading the report	yet, but he (read)	it	
	three hours.					
15)	Mary (write)	ten letters	today. She (write) _	letters all o	lay.	
16)	They (play)	tennis sin	ace 2 o'clock. They	(play)	tennis three times	
	week.					
17)	He (not finish) _	readin	g the report yet, but	he (read)	it for th	
	hours.					
18)	Lucy (run)	2000 me	etres today.			
19)	Julie (cook)	dinne	er. Let's go and eat.			
20)	I have a dog. I (ha	ve)	it for 3 years.			
21)	The telephone (rin	ng)	for almost a m	ninute. Why hasn't someo	ne answered it?	
22)	It (rain)	for :	3 hours. I wish it wo	uld stop soon.		
23)	He (speak)		for an hour now. I	expect he'll soon be finish	ned.	
24)	A: What did you do this weekend?					
	B: I (clean)	the gara	ge all day yesterday.			
25)	They (not eat)		anything since break	fast. Let's grab some lunc	ch!	
				RE ARE 4 WORDS WH		
ba	llet	campsites	vegan	floodlights.		
ph	otography	parkour	tennis court	track		
1)	She has taken the	step to cut all animal p	products from her die	et by becoming a		
2)	The waterfall was	lit up at night with pir	nk and green			
3)	Photography is strictly forbidden in the cathedral.					

4)	She's as	quick as lightning on	the

	allet hotography	campsites parkour	vegan tennis cou	floodlights. art track		
1)	The hikers followed the narrow		through	through the dense forest.		
2)	I managed to get some seats for the					
-		_				
3)		in the New Fores	t quickly filled up a	as thousands decided to spend the h		
	canvas.					
4)	She plays rugb	y and does	, a sport in	which participants vault and jump from		
	buildings					
	lane	gift	similarity	image		
	Astronomy	playground	performance	stall		
	Jan 1 J	r, 8	T			
1)	Her passion for	r	led her to study the	stars and planets at a renowned observe		
2)	-		•	s, making it a perfect spot for a walk.		
-						
3)		_		andmade necklace from her best friend		
4)	The ballet	was capti	vating, showcasing th	ne dancers' grace and skill on stage.		
	lane	gift	similarity	image		
	Astronomy	playground	performance	stall		
3)	shapes. The children leads to the children	aughed and played in	the	, enjoying the swings and slide:		
	afternoon.					
4)	The	of the sunset	was so breathtaking t	that I had to capture it on my camera.		
SEN YOU ULA	NTENCE. USE T U MUST NOT U ATING & PRED	THE WORD GIVEN USE MORE THAN F DICTION	AND OTHER WOI IVE WORDS. DO N	S A SIMILAR MEANING TO THE RDS TO COMPLETE EACH SENT NOT CHANGE THE WORD GIVEN		
	•	$\begin{array}{l} \text{ly that} + S + \text{WILL} + \\ + S + \text{WILL} + \text{VERB} \end{array}$		+ MAY / MIGHT / COULD + VERB + WILL PROBABLY + VERB		
	think (that) $+$ S $+$		S	WILL I NODADLI T VEND		
		+ S + WILL + VERB	S	+ MAY/ MIGHT + NOT + V		
I	I don't think / I doubt (that) + S + WILL + VERB		L + VERB S	+ PROBABLY + WON'T + VERB		
	am sure / certain + that + S + V +WILL + VERB			+ WILL DEFINITELY + VERB		
I	am sure / certain + that + S + V +WON'T + VERB		N'T + VERB S	+ DEFINITELY + WON'T + VERB		
1)	Perhans we wo	on't go on holiday next	t vear. (MAY)			
-)		nex	• •			
2)	It is likely that	the restaurant will clo	se. (THINK)			
2)	I think (that)	nat he will attend the m		V		
3)				1)		
		fhe i	meeting			
4)		the t				

	ÔN KIÊM TRA KHỐI 11 (18 -11` - 2024) They may come by car. (LIKELY)				
	It is by car They might win the championship this year. (PROBABLY)				
6)					
7)	They this year. Scientists might discover a new cure for cancer. (MAYBE)				
.,					
8)	a new cure for cancer. Cities may limit the number of cars people can have within the city. (POSSIBLE) It is the number of cars people can have within the city				
9)	Electric cars will probably become more common than gas-powered cars by 2030 (THINK) I more common than gas-powered cars by 2015				
10)	I think students will connect to the internet using artificial intelligence, so they won't need to remember				
	anymore. (MAY)				
	Students using artificial intelligence, so they won't need to remember anymore				
1	Subject + began / started + V+ING / To –INFINITIVE KHOÅNG THỜI GIAN + AGO				
2	Subject + have / has + been + V+ING + FOR + KHOÅNG THỜI GIAN				
11)	It started to rain 4 hours ago and it hasn't stopped yet (BEEN)				
10)	It4 hours.				
12)	He started writing novels 40 years ago. (BEEN)				
13)	He40 years. They started living in London 5 months ago. (BEEN)				
13)	They for 5 months.				
14)	The telephone started ringing a few minutes ago.((BEEN)				
,	The telephone a few minutes. (BEEN)				
15)	He began speaking an hour ago. (BEEN)				
	He an hour.				
1	Subject + began / started + V+ING / To –INFINITIVE AT / ON / IN + MÔC THỜI GIAN				
2	Subject + have / has + been + V+ING + SINCE + + MỐC THỜI GIAN				
16)	They started talking to each other at 2:30 and they haven't stopped talking yet. ((BEEN)				
,	They each other since 2:30				
17)	Ben and Mark began working at 6 o'clock and they haven't finished yet. (BEEN)				
4.00	Ben and Mark 6 o'clock They started working this morning and they are still working. (BEEN)				
18)	They started working this morning and they are still working. (BEEN)				
19)	Theythis morning He started sleeping at ten o'clock. (BEEN)				
17)	He ten o'clock				
20)	Heten o'clock The boys began playing / to play football at 2 o'clock. (BEEN)				
	The boys2 o'clock THE SUGGESTED WORDS TO MAKE MEANINGFUL SENTENCES				
) USE					
1)	He / probably / go / Scotland / next month.				
2)	I'm sure / we / work from home / future				
3)	I doubt / he / win / competition.				
	By the time you arrived at the party / everyone / go home.				
4)	By the time you arrived at the party / everyone / go home.				
4)5)	He / not definitely / play / ice hockey / tomorrow.				

BÀI TẬP ÔN KIỂM TRA KHÓI 11 (18 -11 $\hat{}$ - 2024)

- 7) By the time the exhibition opened, she do / photography / several years.
- 8) She / walk/ out / him in the middle of their argument, realizing she needed time to reflect.
- 9) After the old manager left, they / replace/ him / a more experienced candidate
- 10) The team / play/ ice hockey / in three tournaments / this year.