ÔN TẬP KIÊM TRA 15 PHÚT NGÀY 29 -01 -2024 KHÔI 10

MA TRẬN ĐỀ KIỂM TRA KHOI 10 NGÀY: 29 – 01 - 2024

UNIT 4,5

DO AS DIRECTED IN BRACKETS

CHOOSE THE WORD WHOSE UNDERLINED PART DIFFERS FROM THE OTHER THREE IN PRONUNCIATION

Question 1, Question 2

Kiểm tra -ed và - e(s)

GIVE THE CORRECT FORM OF THE WORD IN THE BRACKETS

Que	stion 3, Question 4	4 :	
1)	Ambition (n)		= tham vong
	Ambitious (adj)		= tham vong
	Ambitiously (adv	v)	= tham vong
2)	Assist (v)		= giúp đỡ
		_	= giúp đỡ
		_ (n)	= phụ tá
3)	Attract (v)		= lôi cuốn
		_ (n)	= sự hấp dẫn
		_ (adj)	
		_ (adj)	= không hấp dẫn
		_ (adv)	
		_ (adv)	
4)	Create (v)		= sáng tạo
		_ (n)	= sự sáng tạo
		_ (n)	= tính sáng tạo
		_ (adj)	= sáng tạo
		_ (adv)	= sáng tạo

REPLACE THE UNDERLINED WORD OR PHRASE IN EACH SENTENCE WITH A WORD OR PHRASE OF EQUIVALENT MEANING:

Question 5:

1)	Challenging (adj)	=
2)	Rewarding (adj)	=
3)	To get on well with sb	=
4)	Anxious (adj)	=
5)	To disappear (v)	=
6)	Journalist (n)	=
7)	To set sth up	=
8)	To take place	=
9)	To have a good time	=

FILL THE BLANK WITH A SUITABLE WORD OR PHRASE

Question 6, Question 7

PREPOSITIONS & PHRASAL VERBS

1)	Be your feet	= đứng
2)	To get well with sb	= có mối gan hệ tốt
3)	To apply sth	= nộp đơn xin việc làm
4)	To apply sb	= nộp đơn cho ai
5)	Be anxious sb / sth	= lo lắng
6)	To wait sb / sth	= chờ đợi
7)	Be passionate	= say mê
8)	To bring sb	= nuôi nấng
CO	LLOCATIONS	
1)	To sports	= chơi thể thao
2)	To yourself	= vui vė
3)	TD 1 1	1 2 1
υ,	To a break	= nghỉ giải lao
-	To a break To sth in common	= nghi giai lao = có điểm chung
4)		ي پ
4)	To sth in common	= có điểm chung
4) 5)	To sth in common To place	= cổ điểm chung = xảy ra

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8) To _____a decision = quyết định

COMPLETE THE SENTENCES USING "WILL" OR "BE GOING TO"

Question 8: / Question 9/ Question 10.

FILL IN EACH BLANK WITH WORDS IN THE BOX. THERE ARE 4 WORDS WHICH YOU DO NOT NEED TO USE.

Ouestion 11: / Ouestion 12: / Ouestion 13/ Ouestion 14

.Que	stion 11: / Question 12: / Questio	n 13/ Question 14
1)	Ambition (n)	=
2)	Dentist (n)	=
3)	Hairdresser (n)	=
4)	Paramedic (n)	=
5)	Programmer (n)	=
6)	Receptionist (n)	=
7)	Sales assistant (n)	=
8)	Solicitor (n)	=
9)	Sports coach (n)	=
10)	Engineer (n)	=
11)	Farm worker (n)	=
12)	Travel agent (n)	=
13)	Customer (n)	=
14)	Operator (n)	=
15)	Gardener (n)	=
16)	Builder (n)/	=
17)	Estate agent (n)	=
18)	Journalist (n)	=
19)	Locksmith (n)	=
20)	Photographer (n)	=
21)	Delivery man/ woman (n)	=
22)	police officer (n)	=
23)	Stunt performer (n)	=
24)	Surfing instructor	=
25)	Creative (adj)	=
26)	Challenging (adj)	=
27)	Repetitive (adj)	=
28)	Stressful (adj)	=
29)	Tiring (adj)	=
30)	Varied (adj)	=
31)	Rewarding (adj)	=

COMPLETE EACH OF THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES IN SUCH A WAY THAT IT HAS THE SAME MEANING AS THE SENTENCE PRINTED BEFORE IT

- 1) Will &going to
- 2) Too ... to / enough ... to

Question 15: / Question 16: / Question 17: Question 18:

MAKE MEANINGFUL SENTENCES USING THE SUGGESTED WORDS AND WILL OR BE GOING TO Question 19: / Question 20

ÔN TẬP KIÊM TRA 15 PHÚT NGÀY 29 -01 -2024 KHÔI 10 PRACTICE TE

PRACTICE TEST Choose the word in each group that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest. ED t.d / Id / p, k, f, ph, gh, ss, ce, sh, ch, x /t/ Còn lai (b,l,m,n, s, r, v,..) /d / Chú ý gh (weighed, ploughed) S/ES P, k, t, f, gh, ph /s/ Chú ý IC (mechanics, phonetics) S, ss, z, ce, x, ge, sh, ch /IZ/ Còn lai (b, d, l,m, n, r, v,v, i) /z / Chú ý gh (weighs, ploughs) 1) A. fished B. chanced C. dipped D. moved 2) A. flowed B. played C. lived D. talked B. contented C. appointed 3) A. studied D. divided 4) A. posted B. waited C. stopped D. minded 5) A. helped B. lived C. tried D. played B. amazed A. differed C. enjoyed D. dismissed 6) 7) A. chased B. danced C. rushed D. watched A. signs B. flags C. floors D. sports 8) C. talks A. calls B. lends D. leaves 9) B. rush<u>es</u> 10) A. crosses C. likes D. reaches B. cleaners
B. approaches C. buttons D. records 11) A. dentists C. theories A. species D. degrees 12) B. hurries 13) A. decides C. recharges D. removes 14) A. increases B. series C. surfaces D. approaches A. effects B. jungles C. levels D. parades 15) Give the correct form of the word in the brackets II) Phone this number if you need any _____ (assist) 1) I phoned his personal to arrange an interview. (assist) 2) 3) Being your own boss is one of the _______ of owning your own business. (attract) He was short and overweight and generally fairly _____(attract) 4) She's very nice but I don't really find her _____ 5) (attract) Their house is _______ decorated. (attract) 6) He smiles _____ (attract) 7) 8) Watching television can be very _____ (educate) She was probably the most highly _____ prime minister of this century. (educate) 9) 10) Over the past decade many _____have been at work to redesign the American high school. (educate) More money should be spent on ______(educate) 11) The plan should result in the ______ of 2000 new jobs. (create) 12) We're looking for young people with _____(creative) 13) She's very _____; she writes and paints. (create) 14)

15)

16)

More people compete ______ for ways to develop or find substitutes. (create)

Teachers have to teach students to think _____(create)

UN	1 AP K 17)	TIEM TRA 15 PHUT NGAY 29 -01 -2024 KHOI 10 The of new playgrounds will benefit the local children. (create)
	18)	Will technology in music drive to extinction? (create)
	19)	He has a mind. (create)
	20)	Only students get the best marks. (ambition)
	21)	His burning was to study medicine. (ambitious)
	22)	She pursued her goals (ambition)
	23)	Teaching have time to help the slower pupils. (assist)
	24)	They need an who is willing to stay for six months. (assist)
	25)	The company needs more financial from the Government. (assist)
III)	Repl	ace the underlined word or phrase in each sentence with a word or phrase of equivalent meaning Mike found a <u>challenging job</u> as a computer programmer.
	2)	My former husband is a journalist.
	3)	She <u>set up</u> her own software firm.
	4)	The sun disappeared behind the clouds.
	5)	We are all <u>anxious</u> about his health.
	6)	The cleaner tries to get on well with the people living in his working area.
	7)	We really enjoyed ourselves at your party last weekend—the band was great!
	8)	The marriage took place at St Bartholomew's church.
	9)	Being a nurse in a busy hospital is a demanding job - you don't get much free time.
	10)	Our goal is to establish a new research centre in the North.
	11)	I went to a few parties and had a good time.
	12)	She <u>has a good relationship</u> with her ex-husband, who sees his daughter Daisy regularly.
	13)	I'm worried about my husband's health.
	14)	The mysterious woman passenger <u>vanished</u> .
	15)	They officially announced the news to the <u>reporters</u> .
IV)	Fill (the blank in the sentences with a suitable word or a phrase I've been my feet all day and I'm exhausted.
	2)	I'm afraid you're too late to applythe job.
	3)	She's never really got with her sister.
	4)	He rang the bell and waited someone to answer the door.
	5)	When you meet Alice, you'll find that you a lot in common , including your love of classical
		music.
	6)	She brought four children.
	7)	I didn't think Larry and Patricia anything in common, but they talked all evening.
	8)	Time passes so quickly when you're yourself.
	9)	After two hours, she a break and turned on the radio.
	10)	The next meeting will take on Thursday.
	11)	You may like going to the gymnasium to sports and then to have a shower.
	12)	I went to a few parties and a good time.
	13)	Before I a decision, I thought carefully about it.

ÔN	TẬP K 14)	TIÊM TRA 15 PHÚT NGÀY 29 -01 -2024 KHÔI 10 The drought has made farmers anxious the harvest.
	15)	I've always been passionate football.
V)	Com 1)	aplete the sentences using "will" or "be going to" A: Why are you turning on the television?
		B: I (watch) the news.
	2)	A: Oh, I've just realised I haven't got any money.
		B: Haven't you? Well, don't worry. I (lend)you some.
	3)	A: I've got a headache.
		B: Have you? Wait there and I (get) an aspirin for you.
	4)	A: Why are you filling that bucket with water?
		B: I (wash) the car.
	5)	A: I've decided to repaint this room.
		B: Oh, have you? What colour you (paint) it?
	6)	A: Where are you going? Are you going shopping?
		B: Yes, I (buy) something for dinner.
	7)	A: I don't know how to use this camera.
		B: It's quite easy. I (show) you.
	8)	A: What would you like to eat?
		B: I (have) a sandwich, please.
	9)	A: Did you post that letter for me?
		B: Oh, I'm sorry, I completely forgot. I (do) it now.
	10)	A: The ceiling in this room doesn't look very safe, does it?
		B: No, it looks as if it (fall) down.
	11)	A: Has George decided what to do when he leaves school?
		B: Oh yes. Everything is planned. He (have)a holiday for a few weeks and then
		he (do)a computer programming course.
	12)	There is a hole in the bottom of the boat. A lot of water is coming in through the hole. The boat (sink
	13)	Emma is driving. There is very little petrol left in the tank. The nearest petrol station is a long way away. Sh
	1.4)	(run) out of petrol.
	14)	A: The phone's ringing. P: OV. I (onewar) it
	15)	B: OK, I (answer)it.
	15)	A: He has just been taken to hospital with a broken leg.
	16)	B: I'm sorry to hear that. I (send)him some grapes.
	16)	A: Did you remember to book seats?
	17	B: Oh no, I forgot. I (telephone) for them now.
	17)	A: I can't understand this letter. P: I (call)
	10\	B: I (call) my son. He (translate) it for you.
	18)	A: The fire has gone out!

ar K	KIÊM TRA 15 PHÚT NGÀY 2 B: So it has. I (go)			
19)	A: You (buy)			
	B: No, I (not eat)	meat any n	nore. I (eat) _	vegetables.
20)	You've bought a lot of paint.	You (redecorate)		your kitchen?
21)	A: Why are you getting out the	e jack?		
	B: We have a puncture and I (change)	the wh	neel.
22)	A: Why are you peeling that b	it of garlic?		
	B: I (put) it	in the stew.		
23)	A: That tree makes the house	very dark.		
	B: Very well, I (cut)	it down.		
24)	A: My brother has just returne	d from America.		
	B: Oh good, we (ask)	him to our	next party.	
25)	A: I have tried to explain but s	he doesn't under	stand English	ı .
	B: I (say) it to he	r in Finnish: perl	haps she'll und	derstand that.
26)	A: I've come out without any	noney.		
	B: Never mind, I (lend)	you some. I	How much do	you want?
27)	A: I'm catching the 6.30 train.			
	B: So am I. I (give)	you a lift to	the station.	
28)	A: Why are you carrying that	saw?		
	B: I (shorten) the l	egs of the dining	g room table.	
29)	A: Why are you taking that big	g basket?		
	A: I (buy)	a lot of vegetable	es.	
30)	A: I've planned my future for	the next ten year	s.	
	B: That is very clever of you.	What you (do) _	v	when you leave the university
31)	I have got a flight ticket to 3 o	'clock tomorrow	v. I (fly)	to England
32)	A: We are thirsty.			
	B: Wait here. I (get)		some water.	
33)	A: Why do you want so many	oranges?		
	B: I (make)		_ an orange j	uice.
34)	A: Where does that noise com	e from?		
	B: I don't know. I (have)		a look.	
Fill i	n each blank with words in th	e box. there are	4 words whi	ch you do not need to use.
aı	rchitect receptionist		customers	journalist
p	paramedic dentist		operator	sales assistants
1)	We intend to have a	on	every ambula	ance within the next three ve
2)	He is the	who planned	the new shop	pping centre.
3) 4)	We aim to offer good value and The	d service to all o	our	

		receptionist		customers	journalist	
Ĺ	paramedic	dentist		operator	sales assistants	
1)	I must ask the	·	to fit me	e with some new teeth.		
2)	_			-		
3)	She worked as	s a	on th	e New York Times.		
4)		requires a skilled				
	solicitor		resser	sales assistant	pilot	
L	dentist	progi	rammer	engineer	paramedic	
1)	The	could de	etect no decay is	n her teeth.		
2)	If there is som	ething wrong wit	h the machine,	it should be reported a	t once to the	in (
3)	Mike found a	challenging job a	s a computer		_	
4)	The hijackers	kept the	on 1	board the plane as host	tage.	
	solicitor	hairdr	esser	sales assistant	pilot	
	dentist	progr	rammer	engineer	paramedic	
1)	I wash my hai:	r every other day	and usually onl	y go to my	before a par	ty.
2)	I think my		gave me the w	rong advice.		
3)			_	ery ambulance within	the next three years.	
4)				d undercharged me by		
	challenging	stressful	creative	repetitive	tiring	
1)	0 0	lieve people of du		•	·······g	
2)				a more	iob.	
3)	C	be a tiring and				
4)		l a very		-		
,			ences in such a		ama maaning ag tha ga	ntence
Co	impicie each of ii	ne tollowing sent		i way mai ii nas me s	ame meaning as the se	incince
	fore it.	ne tollowing sent		way mat it has the s	ame meaning as the se	intence j
	fore it. Mark is too yo	oung to see the ho	error film.	·	ame meaning as the se	intence]
be (1)	fore it. Mark is too yo Mark is not	oung to see the ho	orror film.		ame meaning as the se	intence j
be	fore it. Mark is too yo Mark is not He was not we	oung to see the ho	orror film.	ny.	Ü	intence j
be (1)	fore it. Mark is too yo Mark is not He was not we He was too Peter isn't tall	ell enough to play	football that dather the shelf	ny.	Ü	intence j
bet 1) 2) 3)	fore it. Mark is too yo Mark is not He was not we He was too Peter isn't tall	ell enough to play	football that dather the shelf	ny.	Ü	intence j
bei 1) 2)	Mark is too yo Mark is not He was not we He was too Peter isn't tall Peter is He is too weak	ell enough to play enough to reach	football that dathe shelf	ny.	Ü	intence j
bet 1) 2) 3)	Mark is too yo Mark is not He was not we He was too Peter isn't tall Peter is He is too weak He isn't The car was to	ell enough to play enough to reach k to carry this box	football that dathe shelf	ny.	Ü	intence j
bei 1) 2) 3) 4) 5)	Mark is too yo Mark is not He was not we He was too Peter isn't tall Peter is He is too weak He isn't The car was to	ell enough to play enough to reach k to carry this box	football that dathe shelf	ny.	Ü	intence)
bei 1) 2) 3) 4)	Mark is too you Mark is not He was not we He was too Peter isn't tall Peter is He is too weak He isn't The car was too The box was too	ell enough to play enough to reach k to carry this box oo expensive for h	football that dathe shelf the shelf a. her to buy.	ay.		intence j
bei 1) 2) 3) 4) 5)	Mark is too yo Mark is not He was not we He was too Peter isn't tall Peter is He is too weak He isn't The car was to The box was to The box wasn' The windows	ell enough to play enough to reach k to carry this box co expensive for h t too heavy for John are too dirty to se	the shelf are to buy. The to carry on his the through	ay.		intence j
bei 1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7)	Mark is too yo Mark is not He was not we He was too Peter isn't tall Peter is He is too weak He isn't The car was to The box was to The box wasn The windows The windows	ell enough to play enough to reach k to carry this box co expensive for h t too heavy for John 't are too dirty to se aren't	orror film. football that dathe shelf c. her to buy. to carry on his te through	ay.		intence)
bei 1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6)	Mark is too you Mark is not He was not we He was too Peter isn't tall Peter is He is too weak He isn't The car was too The box was too The windows The windows The path is too was too the path is too was too the windows The windows The windows The path is too wark was not too the windows The windows The windows The path is too wark was not too the windows The windows The windows The path is too wark was not too was no	ell enough to play enough to reach k to carry this box co expensive for h t too heavy for John 't are too dirty to se aren't o narrow for two	the shelf to carry on his e through	back together.		intence)
bei 1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7)	Mark is too you Mark is not He was not we He was too Peter isn't tall Peter is He is too weak He isn't The car was too The car wasn't The box wasn't The windows The windows The path is too The path isn't The test was not ward to the path isn't The test was not ward to you want to you wan	ell enough to play enough to reach k to carry this box co expensive for h t co heavy for John t't care too dirty to se aren't co narrow for two possesses on the casy enough for	the shelf to carry on his et through people to walk to the reto do.	ay. back together.		intence)
bei 1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9)	Mark is too you Mark is not He was not we He was too Peter isn't tall Peter is He is too weak He isn't The car was too The car wasn' The box wasn' The windows The windows The path is too The path is too The test was not the test was not too The path is too The test was not too The path is too The test was not too The path is too The test was not too The path is too The test was not too The path is too The test was not too The path is too The test was not too The path is too The test was not too The path is not	ell enough to play enough to reach k to carry this box co expensive for h t too heavy for John t are too dirty to se aren't o narrow for two contracts on teasy enough for	orror film. of football that dathe shelf of the shelf o	back together.		intence)
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bei 1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8)	Mark is too you Mark is not He was not we He was too Peter isn't tall Peter is He is too weak He isn't The car was too The car wasn't The box wasn't The windows The windows The path is too The path is too The path isn't The test was not The test was not the shoes are The shoes are The water wasn't The water wasn't The test was not the path isn't The test was not the shoes are The shoes are The water wasn't was	ell enough to play ell enough to reach k to carry this box co expensive for h t too heavy for John t't are too dirty to se aren't o narrow for two too small for him n't s too cold for the	the shelf	ay. back together.		

	John wasn't
13)	The weather was too cold for anybody to go out.
	• • •
14)	This book is too boring for me to read.
	This book isn't
15)	This river is too dangerous for the children to swim in
	This river isn't
l6)	What do you intend to do now?
	What are?
17)	She intends to continue her sporting career once she has recovered from her injuries.
	She is
18)	They intend to pay a visit to London next month.
19)	They are They plan to invite their close friends for dinner tonight.
	They are
20)	They are Do you intend to buy a new T-shirt?
	Are you?
	the suggested words to make meaningful sentences using will or be going to What / you / buy for Mary / as a birthday present?
l)	what / you / buy for wary / as a birtiday present:
2)	There are a lot of black clouds in the sky. It / rain.
2)	There are a lot of black clouds in the sky. It / rain. There's a football match on TV this afternoon / you / watch it?
2)	There are a lot of black clouds in the sky. It / rain.
2)	There are a lot of black clouds in the sky. It / rain. There's a football match on TV this afternoon / you / watch it? A: Why are you holding a piece of paper?
2) 3) 4)	There are a lot of black clouds in the sky. It / rain. There's a football match on TV this afternoon / you / watch it? A: Why are you holding a piece of paper? B: I / write / a letter / my Friend Ann
2) 3) 4) 5)	There are a lot of black clouds in the sky. It / rain. There's a football match on TV this afternoon / you / watch it? A: Why are you holding a piece of paper? B: I / write / a letter / my Friend Ann We are so excited about our trip to France next month. We / visit / Paris, Nice and Grenoble. Stop making that noise or I / call / the police.
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(22) (33) (4) (55) (55)	There are a lot of black clouds in the sky. It / rain. There's a football match on TV this afternoon / you / watch it? A: Why are you holding a piece of paper? B: I / write / a letter / my Friend Ann We are so excited about our trip to France next month. We / visit / Paris, Nice and Grenoble. Stop making that noise or I / call / the police. A: This bag is very heavy. B: I / carry / it for you.
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(22) (33) (4) (55) (56) (77)	There are a lot of black clouds in the sky. It / rain. There's a football match on TV this afternoon / you / watch it? A: Why are you holding a piece of paper? B: I / write / a letter / my Friend Ann We are so excited about our trip to France next month. We / visit / Paris, Nice and Grenoble. Stop making that noise or I / call / the police. A: This bag is very heavy. B: I / carry / it for you. A: He has just been taken to hospital with a broken leg. B: I know. I / send / him some grapes. A: Why do you need to borrow my suitcase?