

## NỘI DUNG ÔN TẬP KIỂM TRA GIỮA HỌC KÌ I MÔN ANH - LỚP 11

### A. HÌNH THỨC KIỂM TRA

- \* Hình thức kiểm tra : Trắc nghiệm hoàn toàn, 50 câu/ mỗi câu 0.2đ, thời gian làm bài 60 phút
- \* Giới hạn chủ đề đọc hiểu và từ vựng ở các **Unit 1,2,3** (bám sát Student book, Work book và đề cương ôn tập)
- \* **Ngữ pháp : Simple Past vs Present Perfect, Modal Verbs ( Must, Have to, Should), Stative Verbs in the continuous form**

### B. NỘI DUNG ÔN TẬP

1. Phát âm (Pronunciation): 3 câu (nằm trong 3 Unit 1,2,3)
2. Dấu nhấn (Stress): 3 câu (nằm trong 3 Unit 1,2,3)
3. Tìm lỗi sai (Error Identification): 4 câu (theo điểm ngữ pháp trong 3 Unit 1,2,3)
4. Đồng nghĩa (Synonym): 2 câu (nằm trong 3 Unit 1,2,3)
5. Trái nghĩa (Antonym): 2 câu (nằm trong 3 Unit 1,2,3)
6. Bài đọc hiểu (Gap - Reading ) : 5 câu (theo chủ đề nằm trong 2 Unit 1,2)
7. Bài đọc hiểu ( Advertisement or Announcement): 3 câu (theo chủ đề nằm trong 2 Unit 1,2)
8. Bài đọc hiểu (Reading & Comprehension): 7 câu (theo chủ đề nằm trong 2 Unit 1,2)
8. Chuyển thể câu ( Transformation): 5 câu (theo điểm ngữ pháp trong 3 Unit 1,2,3)
9. Từ vựng: 12 câu (nằm trong 3 Unit 1,2,3) (Theo tỉ lệ 4-4-4)
10. Văn nói (Speaking) : 2 câu (theo chủ đề nằm trong 2 Unit 1,2)
11. Sắp xếp ( Rearrangement); 2 câu (theo chủ đề nằm trong 3 Unit 1,2,3)

### C. CÂU HỎI ÔN TẬP

#### TIẾNG ANH 11 GLOBAL SUCCESS

#### UNIT 1. A LONG AND HEALTHY LIFE PRACTICE TEST 1

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*



"I improvised," he said, "and that was the beginning of Zumba." Instead of traditional dance-fitness classes where steps are counted out loud to the beat of the music, Zumba has a free-flowing and party-like atmosphere. This proved popular with people who were (4) \_\_\_\_\_ with working out, and Zumba moved from just (5) \_\_\_\_\_ fitness fad to a true fitness phenomenon.

(Adapted from *Active Skills for Reading* by Neil J Anderson)

- |                 |            |              |               |
|-----------------|------------|--------------|---------------|
| 14. A. due to   | B. despite | C. regarding | D. thanks to  |
| 15. A. which    | B. whom    | C. where     | D. who        |
| 16. A. addicted | B. fed up  | C. dedicated | D. interested |
| 17. A. every    | B. much    | C. another   | D. other      |

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

The term virus is derived from the Latin word for poison or slime. It was originally applied to the **noxious** stench emanating from swamps that was thought to cause a variety of diseases in the centuries before microbes were discovered and specifically linked to illness. But it was not until almost the end of the nineteenth century that a true virus was proven to be the cause of a disease.

The nature of viruses made them impossible to detect for many years even after bacteria had been discovered and studied. Not only are viruses too small to be seen with a light microscope, they also cannot be detected through their biological activity, except as it occurs in conjunction with other organisms. In fact, viruses show no traces of biological activity by themselves.

Unlike bacteria, **they** are not living agents in the strictest sense. Viruses are very simple pieces of organic material composed only of nucleic acid, either DNA or RNA, enclosed in a coat of protein made up of simple structural units. They are parasites, requiring human, animal, or plant cells to live. The virus replicates by attaching to a cell and injecting its nucleic acid. Once inside the cell, the DNA or RNA that contains the virus' genetic information takes over the cell's biological machinery, and the cell begins to manufacture viral proteins rather than its own.

(Adapted from *TOEFL Reading*)

18. **Which of the following is the best title for the passage?**
- |                                       |                                    |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| A. New Developments in Viral Research | B. Exploring the Causes of Disease |
| C. DNA: Nature's Building Block       | D. Understanding Viruses           |
19. **The word "noxious" in the first paragraph is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_**
- |           |                |             |                 |
|-----------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|
| A. deadly | B. threatening | C. menacing | D. intimidating |
|-----------|----------------|-------------|-----------------|
20. **According to paragraph 2, why viruses are difficult to detect?**
- |   |
|---|
| A. because when they occur with other species they are difficult to detect                    |
| B. because the light microscope cannot even detect them                                       |
| C. because viruses are tiny to be seen and show no traces of biological activity on their own |
| D. because viruses are so weak that we can kill them  |
21. **The word "they" in paragraph 3 refers to \_\_\_\_\_**
- |            |             |          |              |
|------------|-------------|----------|--------------|
| A. viruses | B. bacteria | C. cells | D. organisms |
|------------|-------------|----------|--------------|

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes the following exchanges.**

22. Would you mind sending those flowers to Mr. Brown?" - " \_\_\_\_\_ "
- |                          |                               |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| A. Sure, I'll do it now. | B. I would if I were you.     |
| C. He wouldn't mind.     | D. No, I can handle it myself |

23. "Do you need any help?" - " \_\_\_\_\_ " \_\_\_\_\_  
A. No, thanks. I'm too weak to lift this box.      B. No, thanks. I'm strong enough to lift this box.  
C. Yes, thanks. I'm too strong to lift this box.      D. Yes, thanks. I'm weak enough to lift this box.

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

24. Women have a longer life \_\_\_\_\_ than men.  
A. story                      B. membership              C. history                      D. expectancy
25. You should continue to lead a healthy life, such as eating a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ diet, taking exercise and keeping warm.  
A. balanced                      B. sensitive                      C. poor                      D. unhealthy
26. Studies show that an active \_\_\_\_\_ can reduce your chance of developing heart disease.  
A. life insurance              B. life cycle                      C. lifestyle                      D. life line
27. A hot bath will help relax sore \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. mouth                      B. muscles                      C. knees                      D. elbows
28. I swim twice a week to try to \_\_\_\_\_ fit.  
A. keep                      B. make                      C. consider                      D. see
29. The best \_\_\_\_\_ for a cold is to rest and drink lots of fluids.  
A. healing                      B. treatment                      C. herb                      D. prevention
30. An active lifestyle has many health \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. care                      B. issues                      C. needs                      D. benefits
31. Hercules was famous for his great \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. strength                      B. weakness                      C. effort                      D. powerful
32. I don't like \_\_\_\_\_ tasks like washing and ironing.  
A. repeatedly                      B. repeated                      C. repetitive                      D. replaceable
33. You can change your eating habits and lead a healthier \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. health                      B. development                      C. lifestyle                      D. muscles
34. \_\_\_\_\_ for both men and women has improved greatly in the past 20 years.  
A. Life work                      B. Life force                      C. Life expectancy                      D. Life skills
35. During the COVID \_\_\_\_\_, residents were advised to stay at home to avoid further spread of the disease.  
A. pandemic                      B. complication                      C. side effects                      D. enamel

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

36. **The company last won a trophy 20 years ago.**  
A. The company has won a trophy for 20 years.  
B. The company didn't win a trophy 20 years ago.  
C. The company hasn't won a trophy for 10 years.  
D. The company hasn't won a trophy for 20 years.
37. **Peter hasn't scored a goal for 2 months.**  
A. Peter last scored a goal 1 month ago.  
B. Peter last scored a goal 2 months ago.  
C. Peter last scored a goal last week.  
D. Peter last scored a goal 3 months ago.
38. **Mr. John started teaching English in Ho Chi Minh City in 2018.**

- A. Mr. John has taught English in Ho Chi Minh City for 3 years.
- B. Mr. John has taught English in Ho Chi Minh City since 2018.
- C. Mr. John started teaching English in Ho Chi Minh City since 2018.
- D. Mr. John has taught English in Ho Chi Minh City from 2018.

39. **This is the first time I have had such a delicious meal.**

- A. I have had such a delicious meal before.
- B. This is the first time I have had a delicious meal.
- C. I have never had such a delicious meal before.
- D. I haven't had such a delicious meal before.

40. **Linda hasn't had her teeth checked since last year.**

- A. Linda had her teeth checked last month.
- B. The last time Linda had her teeth checked was last year.
- C. Linda hasn't had her teeth checked last year.
- D. Linda has had her teeth checked since last year.

## UNIT 2: THE GENERATION GAP

### PRACTICE TEST 1

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

- |                  |               |             |             |
|------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1. A. engineer   | B. windscreen | C. employee | D. teenager |
| 2. A. generation | B. gender     | C. digital  | D. argument |
| 3. A. food       | B. roof       | C. footstep | D. fool     |

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions.*

- |                 |               |               |               |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 4. A. education | B. individual | C. millennial | D. generation |
| 5. A. economic  | B. generation | C. experience | D. electronic |
| 6. A. eyesight  | B. worry      | C. respect    | D. limit      |

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions:*

7. The project work in this semester is optional, so students mustn't do it.  
 A                      B                      C                      D
8. Despite having a little chance to win, you should give up your dream of becoming a star.  
 A                      B                      C                      D
9. You must leave litter in any situation, or anywhere - just keep the surroundings clean and tidy.  
 A                      B                      C                      D

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word in each of the following questions.*

10. Her parents tried to influence her in her choice of university.  
 A. treat                      B. worry                      C. follow                      D. affect
11. It is believed that conflicts between parents and children can be resolved by means of heart-to-heart talks.  
 A. agreements                      B. disagreements                      C. differences                      D. similarities

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

12. My grandma usually takes care of us when my parents are away on business.  
A. follows                      B. abandons                      C. concerns                      D. bothers
13. We greatly respect my teacher for all of the best things that she brought to us.  
A. look up to                      B. look forwards                      C. look for                      D. look down on

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks**

### **Generation Gap**

Generation gap is a popular (14) \_\_\_\_\_ used to describe the wide differences between members people don't understand each other (15) \_\_\_\_\_ their experiences, their opinions, habits, behavior and life conditions. Generation gap can exist between two, or even three generations in a family, between mature and immature generations.

People live in the old society always think they should arrange everything for their children from selections of primary school to job, and then finding a wife or husband for their children. There are many things children want but their parents think (17) \_\_\_\_\_ are unnecessary. That causes misunderstanding and (18) \_\_\_\_\_ gaps.

14. A. name                      B. term                      C. description                      D. way  
15. A. owing                      B. in spite of                      C. because of                      D. with  
16. A. which                      B. what                      C. those                      D. that  
17. A. makes                      B. crosses                      C. does                      D. leaves

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions**

The nuclear family, consisting of a mother, father, and their children, may be more an American ideal than an American reality. Of course, the so-called traditional American family was always more varied than we had been led to believe, reflecting the very different racial, ethnic, class, and religious customs among American groups.

The most recent government statistics reveal that only about one third of all current American families fit the traditional mold and another third consists of married couples who either have no children or have none still living at home. Of the final one, about 20 percent of the total number of American households are single people, usually women over sixty-five years old. A small percentage, about 3 percent of the total, consists of unmarried people who choose to live together, and the rest, about 7 percent, are single, usually divorced parents, with at least one child. Today, these varied family types are typical, and therefore, normal. Apparently, many Americans are achieving supportive relationships in family forms other than the traditional one.

18. **With what topic is the passage mainly concerned?**  
A. The traditional American family.                      B. The nuclear family.  
C. The current American family.                      D. The ideal family
19. **The word "current" in the first sentence of paragraph 2 could be best replaced by which of the following?**  
A. typical                      B. present                      C. perfect                      D. traditional

20. According to the passage, married couples whose children have grown or who have no children represent \_\_\_\_\_
- A. 33 percent of households.                      B. 20 percent of households.  
C. 7 percent of households.                      D. 3 percent of households.
21. Who generally constitutes a one-person household?
- A. single man in his twenties.                      B. An elderly man.  
C. A single woman in her late sixties.                      D. A divorced woman

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.**

22. "From my point of view, all family members should share the chores equally". – “ \_\_\_\_\_ ”
- A. It's a breathtaking view.                      B. You lied to me.  
C. But you're right.                      D. There's no doubt about it.
23. "I've seen John at the workshop on communication skills." – “ \_\_\_\_\_ ”
- A. I see. I'll call him.                      B. The workshop was very useful.  
C. That can't be John because he's in Paris now.                      D. No, I don't think so.

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

24. He had several \_\_\_\_\_ which made him different to the rest of his family.
- A. character                      B. characteristics                      C. characteristic                      D. characters
25. No hurting anyone's feelings or body, and asking permission to borrow other people's belongings are examples of \_\_\_\_\_ behavior.
- A. mature                      B. cultural                      C. curious                      D. respectful
26. As children get older and more \_\_\_\_\_, the rules can develop with them.
- A. common                      B. influent                      C. mature                      D. generational
27. If household chores are shared, the \_\_\_\_\_ is lighter on everyone.
- A. burden                      B. argument                      C. extension                      D. female
28. There are various techniques you can use to try and avoid family \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. argument                      B. debate                      C. conflict                      D. qualification
29. Students are encouraged to develop \_\_\_\_\_ thinking instead of accepting opinions without questioning them.
- A. invaluable                      B. historical                      C. critical                      D. economical
30. Educational games can help bridge the \_\_\_\_\_ between the children, parents and grandparents.
- A. nuclear family                      B. extended family                      C. common behavior                      D. generation gap
31. We should respect the \_\_\_\_\_ that have been passed down from the previous generations.
- A. family conflicts                      B. generational differences  
C. cultural values                      D. common behaviors
32. Gen Zers are very \_\_\_\_\_ as they always come up with new ideas or things.
- A. experienced                      B. curious                      C. creative                      D. traditional
33. Older generations can cope with difficulties because they have \_\_\_\_\_ many changes in their lives.
- A. experienced                      B. refused                      C. looked for                      D. influenced
34. People brought up in different times hold different social \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. activities                      B. aspects                      C. systems                      D. values

35. \_\_\_\_\_ between parents and children become more frequent when the children become teenagers.
- A. Fights                      B. Struggles                      C. Wars                      D. Conflicts

*Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.*

36. **Children put their hands into sockets. That is very dangerous.**  
 A. Children can put their hands into sockets. That is very dangerous.  
 B. Children mustn't put their hands into sockets. That is very dangerous.  
 C. Children might put their hands into sockets. That is very dangerous.  
 D. Children shouldn't put their hands into sockets. That is very dangerous.
37. **Doctors sometimes work at the weekends and on national holidays.**  
 A. Doctors sometimes have to work at the weekends and on national holidays.  
 B. Doctors sometimes get to work at the weekends and on national holidays.  
 C. Doctors sometimes wish to work at the weekends and on national holidays.  
 D. Doctors sometimes don't have to work at the weekends and on national holidays.
38. **It's necessary for you to finish your homework before going to bed.**  
 A. You must try to finish your homework before going to bed.  
 B. You might finish your homework before going to bed.  
 C. You must finish your homework before going to bed.  
 D. You may finish your homework before going to bed.
39. **It isn't necessary for you to bring food and drink for lunch.**  
 A. You don't need to bring food and drink for lunch.  
 B. You shouldn't bring food and drink for lunch.  
 C. You don't have to bring food and drink for lunch.  
 D. You can't bring food and drink for lunch.
40. **It's forbidden to sell cigarettes to children.**  
 A. Shops might not sell cigarettes to children.  
 B. Shops must not sell cigarettes to children.  
 C. Shops can sell cigarettes to children.  
 D. Shops will not sell cigarettes to children.

**UNIT 3: CITIES OF THE FUTURE  
 PRACTICE TEST 1**

*Mark the letter a, b, c, or d to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.*

- |                           |                            |                            |                      |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. priv <u>acy</u>     | B. effi <u>ci</u> ent      | C. <u>c</u> ity            | D. <u>c</u> entre    |
| 2. A. <u>s</u> ustainable | B. desi <u>gn</u> er       | C. infra <u>str</u> ucture | D. <u>r</u> escue    |
| 3. A. <u>s</u> ustainable | B. infra <u>str</u> ucture | C. camp <u>us</u>          | D. <u>s</u> urprised |

*Mark the letter a, b, c, or d to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.*

- |                   |                |                |               |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 4. A. influence   | B. confidence  | C. assistance  | D. terrorism  |
| 5. A. interviewer | B. preparation | C. economics   | D. education  |
| 6. A. skyscraper  | B. operate     | C. underground | D. government |

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.*

7. The accident looked seriously but fortunately nobody was injured.  
 A. looked                      B. seriously                      C. fortunately                      D. was injured
8. She finds housework bored and doesn't like to stay at home all day.  
 A. finds                      B. bored                      C. doesn't like                      D. stay at
9. We all know that we have to work hardly to support the family.  
 A. all know                      B. have to                      C. hardly                      D. support

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

10. Smart technologies make daily life more efficient and saves people a lot of time.  
 A. effective                      B. liveable                      C. available                      D. modern
11. Traffic jams are the city's biggest problem, especially during rush hour.  
 A. crowds                      B. congestion                      C. vehicles                      D. underground

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

12. If I take the pessimistic viewpoint, Tokyo won't be a safe place to live in.  
 A. negative                      B. optimistic                      C. optical                      D. neutral
13. To reduce carbon emissions into the atmosphere, ways to limit the use of private cars must be found.  
 A. public                      B. personal                      C. common                      D. shared

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.**

#### A future in the dark

For many of us, we are working, traveling and shopping in hours that used to be reserved for relaxation and sleep. But according to the results of tests being (14) \_\_\_\_\_ by scientists, we are no longer getting enough darkness in our lives. In fact, research shows that a growing number of health and environmental problems are due to a loss of darkness.

Life has evolved with a day or night cycle. People who go without this day or night rhythm will notice an adverse impact on their immune systems, and that's not a good sign. We are (15) \_\_\_\_\_ a conflict between what our mind wants, and what our internal body clock prepares us for. Some experts explain that our biological clock is similar to the conductor of an orchestra, with the multiple rhythms of the body representing the various orchestra sections.

The body clock is based on the light or dark cycle and it governs us for every (16) \_\_\_\_\_ of activity and rest in our lives. It ensures that all our various internal systems are working together - this is its sole purpose. By moving to 24 - hour living, and not taking into (17) \_\_\_\_\_ the dark side, we will effectively be throwing away the advantages of evolution, whether we care to admit it or not.

14. A. carried out                      B. carried through                      C. worked                      D. worked off
15. A. creating                      B. contributing                      C. giving                      D. increasing
16. A. prospect                      B. attitude                      C. position                      D. type
17. A. account                      B. interest                      C. importance                      D. detail

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.**

#### A NEW CAPITAL

When the new state of Pakistan was founded in 1947, Karachi acted as the capital city. However, it was difficult for Karachi to remain in this role due to a number of drawbacks such as the climate and the state of the existing buildings. Rather than try to overcome these drawbacks, the government decided to create a new capital city. In 1959, a commission was established to investigate the possible locations of this new city. The advisor appointed to the commission was Dr Doxiadis, a famous architect and city planner.

Dr Doxiadis and his colleagues looked at the various locations. They then produced a report suggesting two possible areas: one just outside Karachi and the other to the north of Rawalpindi. Both locations had advantages as well as disadvantages. Which site was it to be?

The choice between these two options was made after consideration of many factors, such as transportation, the availabilities of water, economic factors, and factors of national interest. Finally, the site north of Rawalpindi was chosen and on the 24th February 1960, the new capital was given the name of 'Islamabad' and a master plan was drawn up. This master plan divided the area into three different sections: Islamabad itself, neighbouring Rawalpindi, and the national park.

Each of these three sections had a different role. Islamabad would act as the national's capital and would serve its administrative and cultural needs, whereas Rawalpindi would remain the regional centre with industry and commerce. The third piece of the plan, the national park, was planned to provide space for education, recreation, and agriculture.

Today Islamabad is a thriving city of about 1 million people. It offers a healthy a pollution-free atmosphere, plenty of water, and many green spaces. Guide tree-lined streets, elegant public buildings, and well-organised bazaars and shopping centres. The new capital is a superb example of good urban planning.

**18. Why was a commission founded in 1959?**

- A. to overcome the drawbacks of Karachi as a capital city
- B. to create a new capital city for Pakistan
- C. to look into possibilities of the locations for a new capital city
- D. to appoint an advisor for planning the new capital city

**19. How many places were suggested for the new capital city in the initial reports?**

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

**20. Which of the following factors was NOT considered when choosing the location for the new capital city?**

- A. the climate and the state of the existing buildings
- B. transportation and the availabilities of water
- C. economic issues
- D. issues of national interest

**21. What does the passage primarily describe?**

- A. The history of the two capital cities of Pakistan.
- B. The disappearance of the old capital city of Pakistan.
- C. The reasons why Islamabad became the new capital city of Pakistan.
- D. The choice and development of Islamabad as the modern capital of Pakistan.

*Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.*

22. The mining project threatens one of the world's richest areas of \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. collection      B. variety      C. biodiversity      D. numerous
23. The holiday cottage has many green touches, including \_\_\_\_\_ cleaning products.
- A. friendly      B. eco-friendly      C. ecological      D. economical
24. We should develop such \_\_\_\_\_ sources of energy as solar energy and nuclear energy.
- A. tradition      B. alternative      C. revolutionary      D. surprising
25. Someone who is \_\_\_\_\_ is hopeful about the future or the success of something in particular.
- A. powerful      B. optimistic      C. stagnant      D. pessimistic
26. All fossil fuels are \_\_\_\_\_ resources that cannot be replaced after use.
- A. unlimited      B. renewable      C. available      D. non-renewable
27. The war has badly damaged the country's \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. building      B. skyscraper      C. infrastructure      D. centre
28. New York City is expected to increase its \_\_\_\_\_ energy capacity by 50% by 2050.
- A. fossil fuel      B. nonrenewable      C. renewable      D. limited
29. In smart cities, AI technologies will be installed to help the city \_\_\_\_\_ more efficiently.
- A. exhibit      B. design      C. operate      D. impress
30. In fact, India is projected to add 404 million city \_\_\_\_\_ to its population by 2050.
- A. dwellers      B. governments      C. authorities      D. researchers
31. Street lights can turn off when the streets are empty, and \_\_\_\_\_ can inform waste collection teams when the bins are full.
- A. authorities      B. infrastructure      C. sensors      D. facilities
32. Eco-friendly transport systems will reduce greenhouse gas \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. release      B. launch      C. discharge      D. emissions
33. In addition, more \_\_\_\_\_ zones for walking and cycle paths will be made available for people in all neighbourhoods.
- A. comfort      B. safety      C. security      D. pedestrian

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes the following exchanges.**

34. "What a boring lecture!" - " \_\_\_\_\_ "
- A. Yes, it was dull, wasn't it?      B. I don't agree. It's dull.  
C. It's interesting, wasn't it?      D. I'm sorry not.
35. "What's the weather forecast?" - " \_\_\_\_\_ "
- A. Don't forget your raincoat, will you?  
B. Don't forget your raincoat, do you?  
C. It's going to rain. Don't forget your raincoat, will you?  
D. It's going to rain. Don't forget your raincoat, do you?

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.**

36. **Anne was riding her bike to school. Peter saw her yesterday.**
- A. Anne saw Peter when she was riding her bike to school yesterday.  
B. Peter saw Anne when she was riding her bike to school yesterday.  
C. Peter was riding his bike to school when he saw Anne yesterday.  
D. Anne was walking to school when Peter saw her riding her bike yesterday.
37. **First, he booked the restaurant, and then he invited everybody.**
- A. He invited everybody before he booked the restaurant.

- B. He invited everybody and then booked the restaurant.
- C. He had booked the restaurant before he invited everybody.
- D. He booked the restaurant after he invited everybody.

38. **When did you start learning English?**

A. **How long have you learnt English?**

B. How long did you start learning English?

C. When have you started learning English?

D. How long have you been starting to learn English?

39. **When did Lily buy this computer?**

A. **How long has Lily had this computer?**

B. How long did Lily have this

computer?

C. How long has Lily wanted this computer?

D. How long has Lily used this

computer?

40. **She has taken care of her brother since she was 10 years old.**

A. She started taking care of her brother since she was 10 years old.

B. **She started taking care of her brother when she was 10 years old.**

*TP. Hồ Chí Minh, ngày 06 tháng 10 năm 2024*

**TỔ TRƯỞNG CHUYÊN MÔN**

**Nguyễn Trí Khôn**