## SỞ <u>GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO T</u>ẠO TRƯỜNG THPT LÊ THÁNH TÔN

## ĐỀ THI GIỮA HỌC KỲ 2 LỚP 12 NĂM HỌC 2023 – 2024 Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH

ĐỀ THI MẪU
(Đề thị có 04 trang)

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

(De ini co o4 irang)							
Họ và tên thí sinh:	•••••	•••••	••••	Mã đề thi 12			
Số báo danh:	•••••	•••••	••••	ivia de tili 12	i		
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the							
other three in pronunciation in	each of the following qu	uestions.					
Question 1: A. like	<b>B.</b> <u>fi</u> nd	C. miss	<b>D.</b> s <u>ig</u> n				
Question 2: A. chicken	<b>B.</b> <u>ch</u> emist	C. chaos	<b>D.</b> <u>ch</u> ristmas				
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D of	on your answer sheet to	indicate the word that a	liffers from th	ne other three i	n the		
position of primary stress in ea	ch of the following quest	tions.					
Question 3: A. potential			<b>D.</b> romantic				
Question 4: A. expect	_	_	<b>D.</b> offer				
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D	on your answer sheet	to indicate the correct	answer to ea	ch of the follo	wing		
questions.	•			<i>y y</i>			
<b>Question 5:</b> A new bridge in m	v hometown by	a lot of foreign workers.					
A. builds	<b>B.</b> was built	· ·	<b>D.</b> was buildi	ng			
Question 6: Hesome				8			
A. was making	<b>B.</b> makes		<b>D.</b> is making				
Question 7: The football match			•	0 viewers			
A. impress	<b>B.</b> impression	C. impressive	-				
Question 8: They usually go to	_	_	D. Impressive	51 y			
A. the	<b>B.</b> a		<b>D.</b> Ø (no artic	cle)			
Question 9: A hat costs 10 dolls				/			
_	<b>B.</b> cheaper than	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<b>D.</b> shorter tha	n			
Question 10: Your father fixes	_	?					
<b>A.</b> didn't he		C. did he	<b>D.</b> does he				
Question 11: Many high school	ls are upgrading their fac	ilities to scientific	experiments.				
A. take out	<b>B.</b> carry out		<b>D.</b> put out				
Question 12: The course will he	•		•				
_	<b>B.</b> commitment	• •	<b>D.</b> counterpar	rt			
Question 13: James is directly 1		•	•				
A. about	<b>B.</b> at	C. for	<b>D.</b> in	the destination.			
Question 14:a regular p				sensible things			
A. Given	<b>B.</b> Having given	-	<b>D.</b> To give	sensiole timigs	•		
Question 15: He has been yelling	0.0	•	•	core			
A. head	<b>B.</b> throat	C. back	<b>D.</b> feet	sore			
				in the future			
<b>Question 16:</b> A few changes ha <b>A.</b> taken	<b>B.</b> made			in the future.			
			<b>D.</b> done		a 141a		
Question 17: Although we know				nings to their ne	aith.		
<b>A.</b> to do	<b>B.</b> do		<b>D.</b> to doing				
Question 18: The discussion are			_		g.		
A. articulate	<b>B.</b> degenerate		<b>D.</b> accumulat	e			
<b>Question 19:</b> We will receive a							
		<b>B.</b> as soon as we were arriving at the airport					
*		<b>D.</b> as soon as we had arrived at the airport					
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best completes each of the							
following exchanges.							
Question 20: Ted and Kate are talking about teaching special subjects at school.							
- Ted: "I think schools should teach subjects such as dance, drama or music and they should be voluntary."							
- Kate: "It helps students to learn how to express themselves and they can manage more time to enjoy."							
A. That's not a good idea		<b>B.</b> I quite disagree with you					
C. I don't think it's a good idea		<b>D.</b> I couldn't agree with you more					

Question 21: Lucy is talking	to David about her retu	urning to Viet	nam.				
- Lucy: "Can you pick me up	at Tan Son Nhat intern	national airpo	rt tomorrow m	norning, please?"			
- David: ""							
<b>A.</b> You're welcome	<b>B.</b> Certainly	<b>C.</b> I'm g	glad you like it	<b>D.</b> Same to you			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or	D on your answer	sheet to indi	icate the wor	d(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the			
underlined word(s) in each o							
Question 22: The teacher ma	de <b>constructive</b> comm	nents to help y	our project im	prove its performance.			
A. casual	<b>B.</b> negative	C. usefu		<b>D.</b> unpleasant			
Question 23: He appears pro	omptly at eight o'clock	. Otherwise, l	i'm going with	out him.			
<b>A.</b> seems	<b>B.</b> arrives	C. perfo	orms	<b>D.</b> enjoys			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or	D on your answer s	sheet to indic	cate the word	(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the			
underlined word(s) in each o	f the following questic	ons.					
Question 24: Lily had a lie in	because she felt a bit	off-color tod	ay. She also ha	ad terrific problems with her skin.			
<b>A.</b> slightly ill	<b>B.</b> strangely active		ically well	<b>D.</b> honestly concerned			
Question 25: I knew it would	d be hard to <b>convince</b>	my father of	my enthusiasr	n for the job, because he wanted me			
to go to university.		•	•	•			
<b>A.</b> persuade	<b>B.</b> deter	C. prefe	er	<b>D.</b> permit			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or L	on your answer shee	-		hat is closest in meaning to each of			
the following questions.	•			3			
Question 26: It would be a go	ood idea for us to keep	the ticket pri	ce fairly low.				
A. We needn't keep the tic	•		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
<b>B.</b> We would keep the tick							
C. We must keep the ticke							
<b>D.</b> We should keep the tick	-						
Question 27: The jazz band s		my town six	vears ago				
A. The jazz band has played		-	years ago.				
<b>B.</b> The jazz band started p			s ago				
C. The jazz band has started p		•	-				
<b>D.</b> The jazz band has played		•	years.				
Question 28: "I moved abroa			co with ma'' c	oid I an			
<b>A.</b> Lan said she would mo		-					
	• •	0 0					
<b>B.</b> Lan said she moved about <b>C.</b> Lan said she had mayo	• •						
C. Lan said she had move	• •			ner.			
<b>D.</b> Lan said I moved abroa	• • •	-					
	on your answer snee	et to inaicate i	tne underlined	d part that needs correction in each			
of the following questions.		1	. 1 1 1				
	$\frac{3e}{1}$ is expected to be $\frac{cc}{1}$	_		cause wage rates depend on level of			
A		В	C				
productivity.							
D	1.1.00						
Question 30: Many people fi			_	ise.			
	A B	C	D				
Question 31: Igor <u>feels</u> very	tired because he had to	o <u>devote</u> a lot <u>e</u>					
${f A}$		В		D			
	=	t to indicate th	he sentence th	at best combines each pair of			
sentences in the following questions.							
Question 32: She had just stepped down from the train. She handed her mother the fashionable bag.							
<b>A.</b> Not until she handed her mother the fashionable bag did she step down from the train.							
<b>B.</b> No matter when she stepped down from the train did she hand her mother the fashionable bag.							
C. Hardly had she handed her mother the fashionable bag when she stepped down from the train.							
<b>D.</b> Barely had she stepped				the fashionable bag.			
Question 33: The car was quite expensive. I couldn't afford to buy it.							
A. If the car had been more expensive, I could have afforded to buy it.							

**B.** If the car had been cheaper, I can't have afforded to buy it.

C. If the car had been cheaper, I couldn't have afforded to buy it. **D.** If the car had been less expensive, I could have afforded to buy it. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 34 to 38. In Spain, it's quite hard for young people to find jobs. Some teenagers have parents who run small businesses, they often help out at the weekend. (34) may do babysitting or washing cars for their neighbors or parents' friends. Teenagers (35) work regularly at the weekend have two main problems. Firstly, it can be quite difficult for them to combine part-time work with the large amount of homework and studying for exams which they have to (36) . Secondly, the jobs are often not well-paid. (37) , the money is useful because they can buy little things for themselves and be a bit more independent. Finding a weekend job isn't always (38) , especially if you don't live in a big city, or in an area which is visited by tourists. Teenagers usually do a bit of work from time to time for family members or people they know, rather than having a regular weekend job. (Adapted from Complete First for Schools) **Question 34:** A. Others B. Each C. Many D. One **Ouestion 35:** A. when **B.** where C. who D. which Question 36: A. do **B.** make C. take D. fill **Question 37: A.** Although **B.** Moreover **C.** However **D.** Therefore C. troublesome **D.** unaffected **Question 38:** A. straightforward **B.** apparent Read the following and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 39 to 43. Telemedicine, the practice of medicine at a distance, began with the telephone. Today it includes video technology and high-speed communications using satellites. Although telemedicine occurs in outer space, it will change everyday medical practice on earth. It can help reduce queues and waiting time for doctors in hospitals. In addition, it can reduce the number of journeys a person might need to make to hospital for follow-up treatment and change the treatment of the elderly. Whereas most people in the developed world can easily visit a doctor or a hospital for a medical check, people in some developing countries are not so fortunate. However, a satellite phone, a computer and some simple technology could establish a direct link between them and hospital specialists. Telemedicine could also change medical education by bringing the expert skills of the world's leading specialists to students throughout the world. There is already a medical education link between a university in the UK and a university in the Middle East. This means that students and teachers can share in live classes, which is a great improvement on traditional textbooks. Ships and off-shore installations like drilling platforms are also making increasing use of telemedicine. In one recent case an oil-rig worker had a worsening headache two days after a head injury. Stormy weather prevented him from being taken to the mainland, but a video discussion and examination by a doctor on land established that he was not at serious risk. (Adapted from Richmond FCE Practice Tests) **Question 39:** Which of the following can be the best title for the passage? **A.** Telemedicine: Economic Benefits B. Dangers of Telemedicine C. Telemedicine: Medical Risks **D.** Potentials of Telemedicine **B.** telemedicine C. earth **D.** waiting time **A.** outer space

Question 40: The word it in paragraph 1 refers to\_\_\_\_ **Question 41:** The word **fortunate** in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to A. weak B. poor C. correct D. lucky **Question 42:** According to paragraph 4, the oil-rig worker\_\_\_ **A.** was taken to the mainland for treatment **B.** treated his head injury by himself C. established a hospital on land **D.** had a health check through video **Question 43:** Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage? A. Telemedicine first became possible thanks to video technology and high-speed communications. **B.** Telemedicine can connect leading medical specialists with students around the world.

C. People in developed countries still have great difficulty getting access to medical check. **D.** People using telemedicine will need to go to hospitals more for follow-up treatment.

Read the following and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 44 to 50.

A survey into the media habits of teenagers in the USA reveals some surprising statistics. The average teenager spends an incredible eleven hours each day on their mobile phones, computers, games consoles or TVs. That's more hours than they are awake outside school time! How are they able to do this? The answer, of course, is multitasking.

The results of the survey came as no surprise to fifteen-year-old participant Jake Kendall. He told researchers that he multitasked every second that he was online. He said that he was completing their survey at the same time as watching a TV show, chatting to friends online and reading **remarks** of the latest film releases. For sixteen-yearold Marisa Sanchez, the survey simply confirmed the facts. She said that she had watched two hours of TV in the three hours since the end of school, and also researched her homework about volcanoes, played an online game for two hours, and arranged her weekend plans by texting friends.

Some experts are worried about the survey results. Sylvia de Lupis of the Family Action Institute told our reporter that teenagers would have difficulties because of their multitasking habits. She added that, as adults, they would struggle to focus their attention. However, Dr Michael Rich from the Center on Media and Child Health said that worries about multitasking had become pointless a long time ago, and that high levels of media use were now a part of young people's environment, 'like the air that they breathe, the water that they drink and the food that they eat'.

			(Adapted from Insig)		
Question 44: Which	of the following can be the be	st title for the passage?			
A. Teens: More Media Use Than Hours in The Day		Day <b>B.</b> The Art of Multitaskin	<b>B.</b> The Art of Multitasking: A to Z for Teens		
C. Teens: Learning through Media		<b>D.</b> Multitasking - of Teen	D. Multitasking - of Teens' Everyday Life		
Question 45: Accord	ing to paragraph 1, all of the f	ollowing devices may be used	daily by teens EXCEPT		
A. game consoles	<b>B.</b> televisions	C. e-book readers	<b>D.</b> phones		
Question 46: The wo	rd <b>remarks</b> in paragraph 2 is	closest in meaning to			
A. comments	<b>B.</b> plots	C. discussions	<b>D.</b> complaints		
Question 47: The wo	rd <b>they</b> in paragraph 3 refers t				
A. habits	<b>B.</b> adults	C. difficulties	<b>D.</b> teenagers		
Question 48: The wo	rd <b>pointless</b> in paragraph 3 is	closest in meaning to			
A. useful	<b>B.</b> invaluable	C. worthless	<b>D.</b> ineffective		
Question 49: Which	of the following is NOT true a	according to the passage?			
A. An average teer	n in America spends nearly ha	lf a day using media.			
B. Marisa Sanchez	could complete her school as	signment and relax at the same	e time.		
C. Dr Michael Ric	h expected teenagers to get di	stracted due to multitasking.			
D. Frequent media	use is possibly a matter of co	urse to young people.			
Question 50: Which	of the following can be inferre	ed from the passage?			
<b>A.</b> Family Action	Institute must work to stop mu	ıltitasking.			
<b>B.</b> Young people s	hould concentrate on only one	e medium at a time.			
C. Jake Kendall ar	nd Marisa Sanchez got good a	cademic results.			
D. Youngsters' mu	ltitasking habits in media use	meet with mixed reactions from	m the public.		
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