## TIÉNG ANH 11 FRIENDS GLOBAL UNIT 4: HOME LESSON 4G- SPEAKING: PHOTO CONTRAST AND DISCUSSION

## I. OBJECTIVES

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

## 1. Knowledge

- Understand and use vocabulary related to accommodation for a gap year.
- Compare and contrast different ideas and options for accommodation.

## 2. Competences

- Engage in a discussion about accommodation for a gap year.
- Justify their opinions and provide reasons for their choices..

## 3. Personal qualities

- Enhance their ability to express and defend their viewpoints.
- Demonstrate effective communication and listening skills in a group discussion.
- Be collaborative and supportive in pair work and teamwork.

## **II. MATERIALS**

- Grade 11 textbook, Unit 4, Speaking
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV
- PowerPoint Unit 4G

## **III. PROCEDURES**

## 1. ACTIVITY 1: LEAD-IN (8 mins)

## a. Objectives:

- Introduce the new lesson and set the scene for Ss to acquire new language.
- Get students' attention at the beginning of the class.
- Activate Ss' background knowledge.
- Students can gain more confidence and interest in the lesson.
- Ss have a quick look at vocabulary for identify pieces of furniture in photos.

## **b.** Content:

- Battle of the Rooms.
- Related vocabulary.
- Exercise 1.
- c. Products:
- Ss work in groups, say aloud their answers, and express their opinions.

TEACHER'S AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENT
Battle of the Rooms (3 mins)	

	T
- Ss work in groups.	Students' ideas.
- Each group takes turns to say a word referring to	
pieces of furniture that can be found in the living room,	
the kitchen, and the bedroom.	
- If a group fails to say a word in 5 seconds, that group	
is eliminated.	
- The last group remaining wins the game.	
- T monitors to make sure the game is fair.	
Vocabulary Check (3 mins)	
- T introduces the vocabulary.	Words:
- T asks students which words are new to them	1. bedside table
- T checks meaning and pronunciation.	2. bookcase
- T explains the meaning of the new vocabulary by	3. bunk bed
pictures.	4. curtains
- Teacher checks students' understanding and conduct	5. cushion
oral drill chorally and individually.	6. double bed
- Ss take notes of the new vocab.	7. duvet
	8. fridge
	9. hook
	10. kitchen cupboard
	11. lamp
	12. pillow
Exercise 1: Which items from below can you see in the	e photos? (2 mins)
- T focuses Ss' attention on the photos.	B
- In pairs, students describe the furniture in the rooms.	
- T elicits some descriptions and ask a few students	
which room they like best and why.	

bedside table, bunk bed, curtains, cushion, double bed, duvet, fridge, hook, kitchen cupboard, lamp, pillow

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## e. Assessment

- Teacher observes the groups and give feedback.
- T and other students give feedback to individual answers.

## 2. ACTIVITY 2: PRE-SPEAKING (15 mins)

## a. Objectives:

- Ss understand how to compare and contrast photos.
- Ss listen for preferences, and give their own opinions.

## **b.** Content:

## - Exercises 2-6.

c. Products:

- Ss complete the exercises in the book and have some ideas for their own conversations.

TEACHER'S AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENT
Exercise 2: Read the task above and the Speaking Stra	ategy 1. Then listen to a student doing the
task. Which room does she prefer? Does she use any l	inking words when contrasting the photos?
(4 mins)	
- T goes through the instructions, Speaking Strategy 1 and the task.	Answer: Room A
- T plays recording 2.12 for students to compare their ideas.	Yes (whereas, but, while, however, despite)
- T checks answers as a class.	
Exercise 3: Choose the best linking words to complete	the sentences. Then listen again and check
your answers. (4 mins)	
- T goes through the instructions.	Answers:
- T plays the recording for students to complete their	1. whereas
answers.	2. <i>but</i>
- With a stronger class, T could ask students to	3. While
complete the sentences before listening again to check.	4. However
- With a weaker class, T could stop the recording after	5. despite
they have heard the answer to each question.	
- T checks answers as a class.	
Exercise 4: Read the task above. For each of the four	points, think of one advantage of staying
with a host family and one advantage of staying in un	iversity accommodation. (1 mins)
<ul> <li>T goes through the instructions and the task.</li> <li>T elicits ideas for the first bullet point and write them on the board.</li> </ul>	From the point of view of location and convenience, the university accommodation would be better because From the point of view of cost, a host family would be better because
- Working individually or in pairs, students think of one	
advantage of staying with a host family and one of	
staying in university accommodation for the three	
remaining bullet points.	
- T circulates and monitor, helping where necessary.	
- T asks a few students to share their ideas with the	
class.	
Exercise 5: Listen to two students doing the task. Did	
exercise 4? Do you agree with their opinions? Why? /	Why not? (4 mins)
- T goes through the instructions.	Students' ideas
- T plays recording 2.13 for students to listen and make	
notes.	
- T checks answers as a class.	

Exercise 6: Read Speaking Strategy 2. Then complete the phrases with the words below (2 mins)		
- T goes through Speaking Strategy 2 and the	1. see	
instructions and make sure students understand what	2. Thinking	
they have to do.	3. considered	
- T checks the answers as a class.	4. suppose	
- T encourages students to read out the key phrases and	5. else	
check pronunciation and intonation.	6. point	

- Teacher checks students' pronunciation and gives feedback.

- Teacher checks students' understanding of speaking strategy.

- Teacher observes Ss' writing of vocabulary on their notebooks.

## 3. ACTIVITY 3: WHILE-SPEAKING (15 mins)

## a. Objectives:

- Ss can ask for advice regarding accommodation.
- Ss offer their personal opinion on matters related to accommodation.

## **b.** Content:

- Exercises 7 and 8.

## c. Products:

- Students discuss with their friends, take notes and give a talk.

TEACHER'S AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENT	
Exercise 7. Listen again to both answers. Which phrases from exercise 6 did the students use? (5		
mins)		
- T plays the recording again for students to tick	Let me see, That's a good point, What else?	
the phrases that were used.	Well, ,	
- T checks answers as a class.	Thinking about it,, All things considered,	
Exercise 8. Work in pairs. Read the task above a	nd make notes for each of the four points that	
you have to cover. Do the task in exercise 7. (10 mins)		
- T goes through the instructions and the task.	In your gap year, you are going to spend three	
- Students work in pairs to make notes for the four	months in the UK studying English. You are	
points.	looking for a flat to rent.	
- T circulates and monitors, helping where	Ask your friend for advice. Discuss these points:	
necessary.	• Location	
- Students practise their conversation in pairs.	• Meals	
- T asks a few pairs to perform their conversations	• Cost	
for the class.	• Sharing with other students	

- Teacher observation on Ss' performance.

## 4. ACTIVITY 3: POST-SPEAKING (5 mins)

## a. Objectives:

- Ss can improve their speaking based on feedback.

## **b.** Content:

- T's feedback and peer's feedback.

- c. Products:
- Students take notes of their mistakes.
- d. Organisation

TEACHER'S AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENT
Feedback and Correction (5 mins)	
- T invites some students to give feedback on their	Students' mistakes in speaking.
friends' speaking.	
- T writes sentences with significant errors in them on	
the board, without saying who made the errors.	
- Ss identify and correct them.	

## e. Assessment

- Teacher observation on Ss' performance.

- Teacher's feedback and peers' feedback.

## 5. CONSOLIDATION (2 mins)

## a. Wrap-up

- If T is using the Classroom Presentation Tool, first do the lesson closer to review what has been covered in this lesson.

- T asks students: What have you learned today? What can you do now? and elicits answers: I can compare ideas and justify opinions in a discussion about accommodation for a gap year. I can use phrases that buy time for me to formulate opinions.

## **b.** Homework

- Prepare for the next lesson

## TIÉNG ANH 11 FRIENDS GLOBAL UNIT 4: HOME LESSON 4H – WRITING: AN EMAIL

## **I. OBJECTIVES**

By the end of this lesson, Ss will be able to:

## 1. Knowledge

- Know and understand vocabulary related to moving house and introducing preferences.
- Gain knowledge of appropriate language and phrases for informal emails and letters.
- Know how to use the "would rather" structure to express preferences.

## 2. Competences

- Understand and discuss the content of an email about moving house.
- Discuss their own preferences and experiences related to moving house.
- Write an email about moving house using appropriate language and structure.

- Develop their writing skills by effectively organizing ideas and expressing preferences in writing.

## 3. Personal qualities

- Develop effective communication skills.

- Show respect and consideration for others' preferences and experiences.

- Demonstrate creativity and critical thinking in expressing their own preferences in writing.

## II. MATERIALS

- Grade 11 textbook, Unit 4, Writing
- Computer connected to the Internet
- Projector / TV/ mini boards
- PowerPoint Unit 4H

## **III. PROCEDURES**

## 1. ACTIVITY 1: WARM-UP (7 mins)

## a. Objectives:

- Introduce the new lesson and set the scene for Ss to acquire new language.
- Engage students from the start of the class to capture their attention.
- Tap into students' prior knowledge.
- Foster students' confidence and enthusiasm for the lesson.

## **b.** Content:

- Dream Home Match-Up (Speaking Activity)
- Exercise 1. (p.57)

## c. Products:

- Students write on index cards, discuss and report orally.

TEACHER'S AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENT
Exercise 1 - Dream Home Match-Up (4 mins)	
- T goes through the instruction on the slides.	Different cities:
- T gives each pair 2 index cards.	E.g.
- Ss first work in pairs of 4-5 and have 2 minutes to	1. Paris
decide on their cities and the relevant details.	2. Tokyo
- When they're done, Ss start comparing their choice	3. New York
and looking for those with the same interest and then	4. Beijing
form new groups.	6. Sydney

- The winner group is one that has the most members.	
A short presentation by the winner group (3 mins)	
- T asks the winner group to justify their choice in front	Which city would you like to live in?
of the class, talking about advantages in terms of	Why?
culture, attractions, climate, lifestyle, or personal	
interests, etc.	
- A few students volunteer to share their ideas with the	
class.	

- Teacher observes the groups and give feedback.

## 2. ACTIVITY 2: PRE-WRITING (20 mins)

## a. Objectives:

- Ss can identify the tone conveyed in an email.
- Ss understand the use of "would rather" to talk about preferences.
- Ss know how to organize ideas and information effectively.
- Ss understand the Writing stategy.
- Ss gain some useful phrases to write an informal email or letter.

## **b.** Content:

- Exercise 2 (p.57)
- Pre-teach some useful phrases.
- Exercise 3 (p.57)
- Exercise 4 (p.57)
- Exercise 5 (p.57)
- Exercise 6 (p.57)

## c. Products:

- Ss take notes of new phrases, discuss with their friends, complete exercises in their books.

d. Organisation

TEACHER'S AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	S CONTENT
Exercise 2: Read the email. Do you think Ellie is	happy or unhappy with her new home? Find
evidence in her email. (2 mins)	
- T asks students to complete the task in pairs.	Answer:
- T checks answers as a class.	I think Ellie is happy with her new home.
	She talks about the advantages of the new
	flat, such as being close to the shops and
	making friends with her neighbour.
Exercise 3: Does the email cover all four points in	the task? Match sentences in the email with

## each point. (3 mins)

- T goes through the instructions and elicits whether or	Answer:		
not the email covers all four points in the task.	The email covers all four points in the task.		
- T check answers as a class.	<i>1 It's brilliant being so close to the shops,</i>		
	and the flat is bigger than our old one.		
	2 It's quite noisy, though, as there is a lot of		
	traffic. I'd rather it were further from the		
	main road.		
	3 I met one of our neighbours yesterday.		
	She's about my age. 4 Also, would it be OK		
Vacabulary taashing (2 mina)	if I used your bike for a few days?		
Vocabulary teaching (3 mins)			
- Teacher introduces the phrases.	would it be okay if to express positive approval		
- Ss underline them in the texts and match them with	had better to give an opinion sincerely		
their uses.	to be honest to ask for permission		
- Teacher checks students' understanding and conduct	look forward to to express urgency		
oral drill chorally and individually.	It's brilliant to express eagerness		
- Ss take notes of the new vocab.			
Exercise 4: Read the Writing Strategy. Then read Elli	e's email again and underline. Give		
examples (5 mins)	1		
- T goes through the Writing Strategy, then asks	Answers:		
students to read the email again and answer the	1 I look forward to receiving your reply.		
questions.	More informal: Looking forward to hearing		
- T goes through the slides to check answers as a class.	from you! Write soon!		
	2 We've, It's, I'd; She could have used:		
	Hope everything's OK with you; There's a		
	lot of traffic; Mine's at the bike shop.		
	3 Got to go now. 'I've' has been omitted.		
Exercise 5: Read the Learn this! box. Circle three examples	mples of would rather in Ellie's email. (4		
mins)			
- T goes through the Learn this! box. Make sure that Ss	More examples:		
understand the difference between would rather	I'd rather not go to the cinema. (I don't		
(not) + infinitive without to and would rather + subject	want to go to the cinema.)		
+ past simple.	I'd rather you didn't go to the cinema. (I		
- Ss find examples of the structures in the email.	don't want you to go to the cinema.)		
- T checks answers as a class.	Answers:		
	Line 6.		
	I'd rather it was further from the main		
	road.		
	Line 10.		
I'd rather not go alone			
	Line 12.		
	<i>I'd rather cycle to school than get the bus.</i>		
	a ramer cycle to school man get me bus.		

Exercise 6: Read the task below. Make notes for each of the four points in the task. (3 mins)		
- T asks students to read the task and in pairs make notes	You have recently moved to a house in the	
for each of the points.	country. Write an email to a friend. Include	
- T circulates and monitors, helping with ideas where	the following:	
necessary.	• Describe the advantages of being in the	
	country.	
	• Mention something you would change.	
	• Mention something that went wrong	
	during the move.	
	• Ask if you can stay a night at your friend's	
	house.	

- Teacher checks students' pronunciation and gives feedback.
- Teacher checks students' understanding of writing strategy.
- Teacher observes Ss' writing of vocabulary on their notebooks.
- Teacher observes group work and gives feedback.

## 3. ACTIVITY 3: WHILE WRITING (15 mins)

## a. Objectives:

- Ss can list their preferences.
- Ss can write an email about a new home.

## **b.** Content:

- Exercise 7. (p.57)
- Exercise 8. (p.57)

## c. Products:

- Students' writings.
- d. Organisation

#### TEACHER'S AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES

Exercise 7: Complete the useful phrases for starting and ending a letter or email. Find two more in Ellie's email. (5 mins)

**CONTENT** 

- Ss complete the phrases and find two more	Key phrases		
examples in the email.	all are from going hi hope love touch write Starting an email 1' vou're well. How's everything		
- T check answers as a class.	I hope <sup>2</sup> is well. 3?	1. hope 3. going	2. all 4 are
	Ending an email           That's all * me.         Please * soon.           Keep in *         Say * to (Ben) for me.	5. from 7. write 9. love	6. touch 8. hi

# Exercise 8. Write your email (150–180 words) using your notes from exercise 6 and phrases from exercise 7. (10 mins)

- Ss spend time writing their emails.	Student's performance

- T circulates the classroom to monitor, takes	
notes of some significant mistakes and provide	
help with language if necessary.	

- Teacher observation on Ss' performance.

## 4. ACTIVITY 4: POST-WRITING (5 mins)

## a. Objectives:

- Ss can improve their writing based on feedback.

## **b.** Content:

- Check your work.

## c. Products:

- Students take notes of their mistakes and how to improve their writings

## d. Organisation

TEACHER'S AND STUDENTS' ACTIVITIES	CONTENT	
Check your work (5 mins)		
- Ss exchange their writings in pairs to give feedback to	Have you	
their friends' writings.	• included all four points from the task?	
- T gives feedback without saying who made the errors.	• used appropriate language (see the	
- T selects randomly some writings to assess and gives	Writing Strategy)?	
more detailed feedback in the next class.	• included appropriate phrases for starting	
	and ending the email?	

## e. Assessment

- Teacher observation on Ss' performance.

- Teacher's feedback and peers' feedback.

## 5. CONSOLIDATION (2 mins)

## a. Wrap-up

- If T is using the Classroom Presentation Tool, first do the lesson closer to review what has been covered in this lesson.

- T asks students: What have you learned today? What can you do now? and elicits answers: I can write an email about a new home. I can plan an essay and use phrases for introducing my preferences.

## **b.** Homework

- Prepare for the next lesson