





Neil Armstrong Yuri Gagarin Pham Tuan

Unit 15-Reading

Work with a partner. Ask and answer the following questions.

- 1. Who is the first human to fly into space?
- 2. Can you name the first humans to set foot on the moon?
- 3. Who is the first Vietnamese to fly into space?



Neil Armstrong Yuri Gagarin Pham Tuan

Answers:

- 1. Neil Armstrong is the first human to fly into space.
- 2. Yuri Gagarin is the first humans to set foot on the moon.
- 3. Pham Tuan is the first Vietnamese to fly into space.

Vocabulary:

1. astronaut / 'æstrəno:t/

≠ cosmonaut / kpzmeno:t/

2. gravity / grævati/

3. lift off ['lift's:f]

4. name after [neim 'a:fta]

5. orbit /'a:bit/

(n): phi hành gia (used for American)

(n): phi hành gia (used for Russian)

(n): trong luc

(v): (tàu vũ trụ) phóng vụt lên

(v): đặt tên theo

(n): quỹ đạo

Vocabulary:

6. plane crash [plein kræ∫]

(n): vụ rơi máy bay

7. psychological tension [,saikə'lədʒikl 'ten∫n] (n): căng thẳng tâm lý

8. set foot on : đặt chân đến

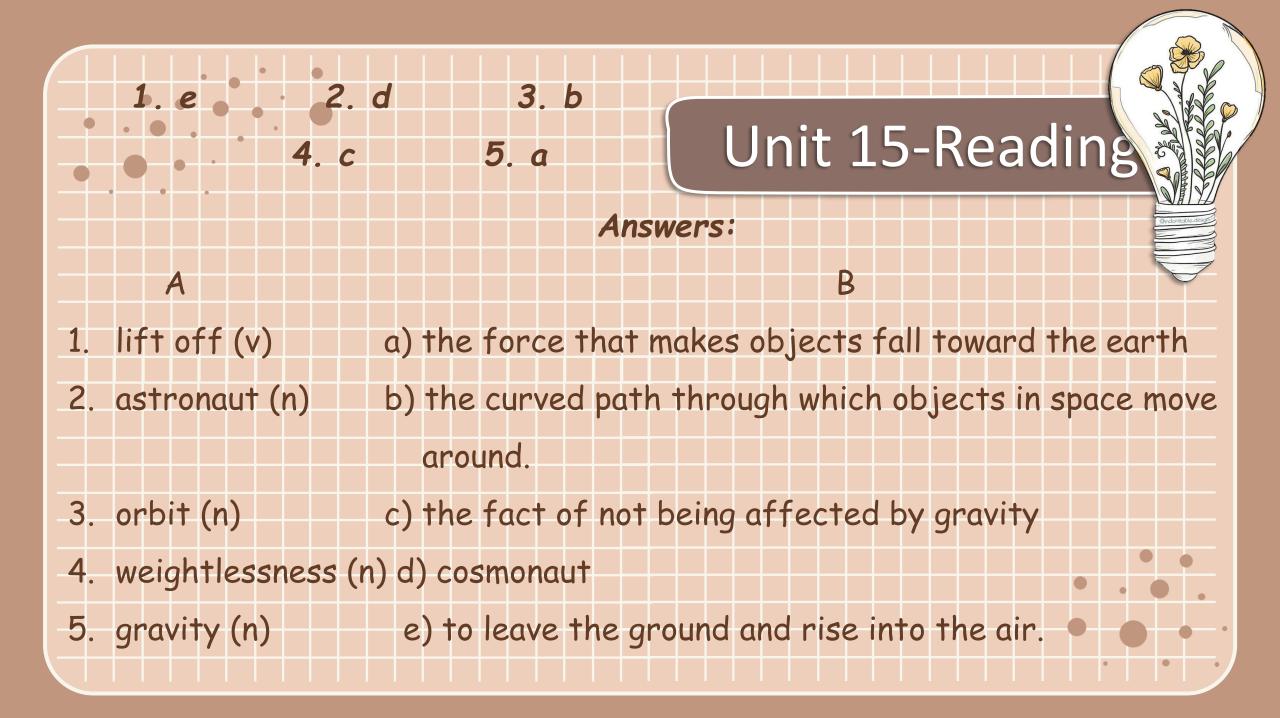
9. space /speis/ (n): tàu vũ trụ

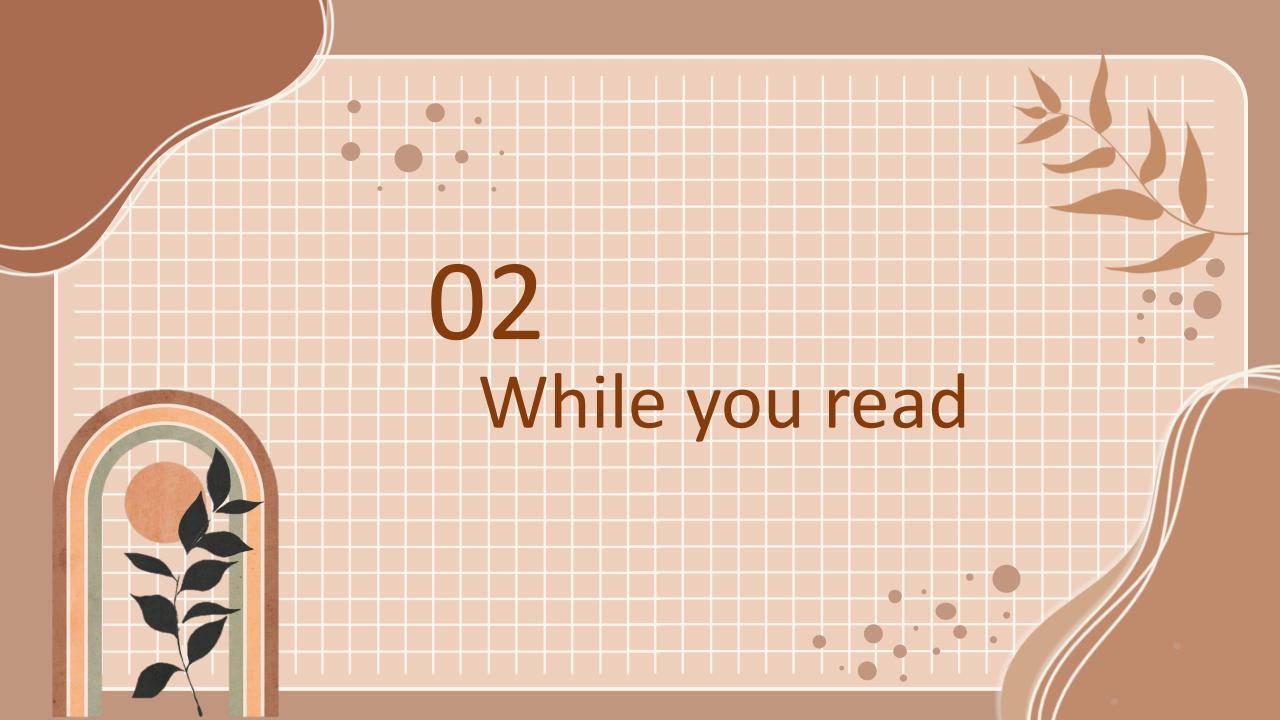
10. weightlessness / weitlesnes/ (n): sự không trọng lượng

Let's check your understanding:

B B

- 1. lift off (v) a) the force that makes objects fall toward the earth
- 2. astronaut (n) b) the curved path through which objects in space move around.
- 3. orbit (n) c) the fact of not being affected by gravity
- 4. weightlessness (n) d) cosmonaut
- 5. gravity (n) e) to leave the ground and rise into the air.





Task 1: Match the headings to the paragraphs.

Unit 15 - Read

Paragraph 1	A. The tragic accident
Paragraph 2	B. The lift-off
Paragraph 3	C. Congratulations
Paragraph 4	D. A view on Earth
Paragraph 5	E. Uncertainties





Unit 15 - Readi

A. The tragic accident
B. The lift-off
C. Congratulations
D. A view on Earth
E. Uncertainties

2. D

5. A

3. E



1. B

4. C

Task 2: Read the passage again and answer the questions.

Unit 15 - Readir

- 1. How old was Gagarin when he became the first human being in space?
- 2. How long was he in space?
- 3. What questions were raised before Gagarin's space flight?
- 4. What was the speed of his spacecraft in orbit around the Earth?
- 5. Why couldn't Gagarin make a new space flight?
- 6. What was done after Gagarin's death to honour this national hero?

Answers:

Unit 15 - Readin

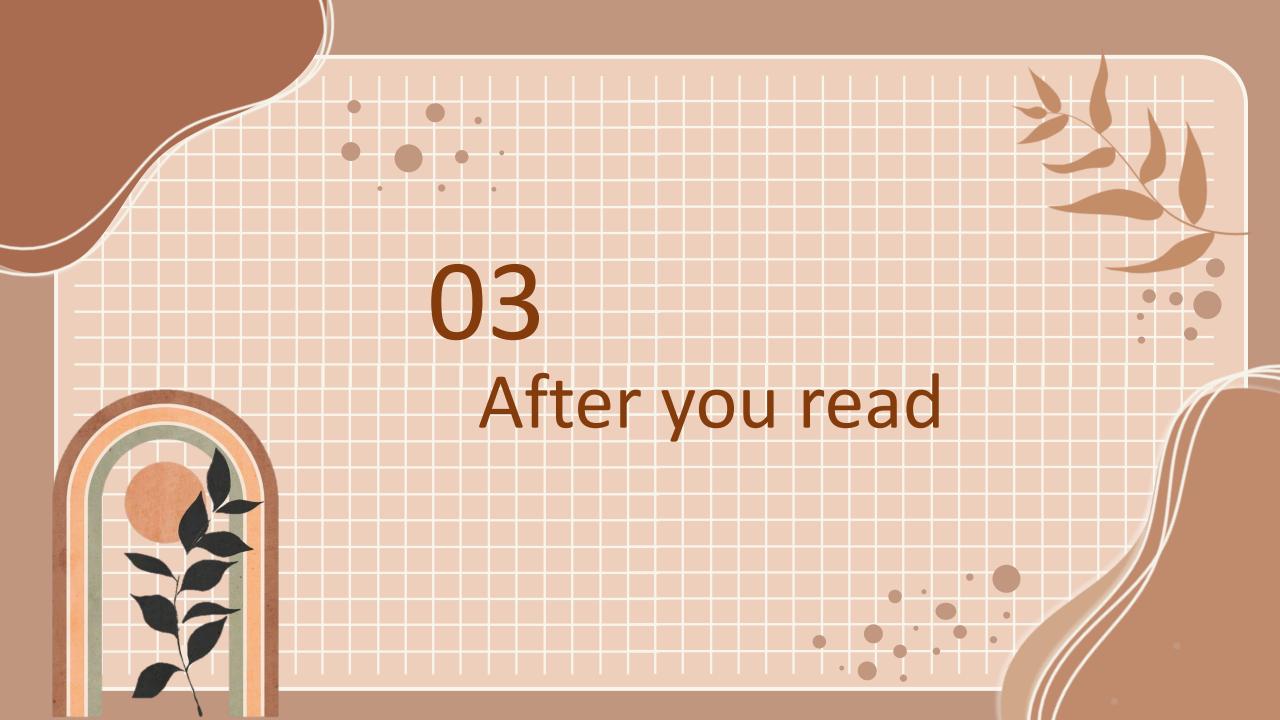
- 1. How old was Gagarin when he became the first human being in space?
- \rightarrow He was 27 years old.
- 2. How long was he in space?
- \rightarrow He was in space for 108 minutes.
- 3. What questions were raised before Gagarin's space flight?
- → They were what would happen to a human being in space or how the
- body would react to the extreme changes in temperature or how the mind
- would deal with the psychological tension.

Answers:

Unit 15 - Readin

- 4. What was the speed of his spacecraft in orbit around the Earth?
- → It was more than 17.000 miles per hour.
- 5. Why couldn't Gagarin make a new space flight?
- → Because he died in a plane crash on a routine training flight in March 1968.
- 6. What was done after Gagarin's death to honour this national hero?
- → After his death, his hometown of Gzhatsk was renamed Gagarin, and the Cosmonaut

Training Center at Star City, Russia, was given the name of this national hero.



Complete the summary of the reading passage by putting the words/phrases in the box into the blanks.

impossible named after lasted gravity success view in space cosmonaut

On 12th April, 1961, Yuri Gagarin, a Russian (1) ________ became the first human being (2) _______. Although his flight (3) ______ only 108 minutes, its (4) _______ made him a national hero. He also became the first person to eat and drink in zero (5) ______, and he was able to (6) _______ the Earth in a way that no one had done before. Unfortunately, a plane crash in March 1968 made Gagarin's desire of revisiting space (7) ______. After his death, his hometown and the Cosmonaut Training Centre at Star City, Russia were (8) ______ him.



Answers:

Unit 15 - Readin

Complete the summary of the reading passage by putting the words/phrases in the box into the blanks.

impossible named after lasted gravity

success view in space cosmonaut

On 12th April, 1961, Yuri Gagarin, a Russian (1) <u>cosmonaut</u> became the first human being (2) <u>in space</u> Although his flight (3) <u>lasted</u> only 108 minutes, its (4) <u>success</u> made him a national hero. He also became the first person to eat and drink in zero (5) <u>gravity</u>, and he was able to (6) <u>review</u> the Earth in a way that no one had done before. Unfortunately, a plane crash in March 1968 made Gagarin's desire of revisiting space (7) <u>impossible</u> fter his death, his hometown and the Cosmonaut Training Centre at Star City, Russia were (8) <u>name</u> him.



