**ANH 11**

1. **18/10-23/10/2021**

**UNIT 4. VOLUNTEER WORK**

**LESSON A. READING (CONT)**

1. **NEW WORD:**

1.volunteer (n) / ,vɔlən'tiə/

Ex: These people are doing volunteer work. They are volunteers.

2. volunteer (v): to offer to do something without being forced to do it or without getting paid for it.

3. voluntary (adj)

4. voluntarily (adv)

5. Orphanage ['ɔ:fənidʒ] (n) : the home for children whose parents are dead

6. Mow /mou/(v)

Ex: This machine is used to mow the lawn.

 + lawn-mower (n)

1. Handicapped /'hændikæpt/ (adj)

8.Remote (adj) = far away

**TASK 1:**

1.Volunteers usually help those who are sick or old in their homes by...……………

A. Mowing the lawns, doing shopping and cleaning up their houses.

B. Cooking, sewing or washing their clothes.

C. Telling them stories, singing and dancing for them

D. Taking them to baseball games.

2.Big Brother is...……………………

 A. The name of a club.

B. A home for children.

C. The name of a film.

D. An organisation for boys who no longer have fathers

3. .Most of the boys’ and girls’ clubs use many high school and college students as volunteers because they...……………

 A. Have a lot of free time.

 B. Can understand the problems of younger boys and girls.

 C. Know how to do the work.

 D. Are good at playing games.

4.Volunteers believe that...………………

 A. In order to make others happy, they have to be unhappy.

 B. The happiest people are those who make themselves happy.

 C. The happiest people are those who are young and healthy.

 D. Bringing happiness to others makes them the happiest people.

5.The best title for the passage is...……

 A . Taking care of people.

 B . Voluntary Work in the United States.

 C . Volunteers: The Happiest People in the World.

 D . Helping Old and Sick People the United States.

**TASK 2: ANSWER QUESTION**

1. What do high school and college students usually do as volunteers in hospitals , orphanages or homes for the aged?

  High school and college students usually visit hospitals, orphanages or homes .They often read books , play games or listen to their problems.

2. How do volunteers help disadvantaged and handicapped children to overcome their difficulties?

The volunteers give care, comfort and help them to overcome their problems or difficulties.

3. Where do students volunteer to work during summer vacations?

 During summer vacations ,they volunteer to work in remote or mountainous areas to provide education for children.

**TASK 3: GAP-FILLING**

In United State many………... and …… .students often spend many hours as volunteer in............., …………….. or homes for ages.

 Some high school students ................in helping disadvantages or handicapped children. They....................and.................to them. They provide education for children in.............and...................areas.

 Most of the clubs in the cities use a lot of high school, college students as...............because they are young enough to understand the problems of younger boys and girls.

**UNIT 4. LESSON B. SPEAKING**

**Decide which of the following activities are volunteer work.**

**T**aking part in an excursion

Helping people in remote or mountainous areas.

Giving care and comfort to the poor and the sick.

Participating in an English speaking club.

Providing education for disadvantaged children.

Joining the Green Saturday Movement.

**Practise the dialogue and then make similar conversations, using the activities that follow.**

A:- What kind of volunteer work are you participating in?

B:- We’re helping people in mountainous areas.

A:- What exactly are you doing?

B:- We’re teaching the children to read and write.

A:- Do you enjoy the work?

B:- Yes, I like helping people.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Your activities | What exactly you are doing |
| \* Helping people in mountainous areas. | \* Teaching the children to read and write.\* Giving them money. |
| \* Helping old or sick people. | \* Cleaning up their houses.\* Doing their shopping.\* Cooking meals. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| \* Helping disadvantaged or handicapped children. | \* Teaching the children to read and write\* Listening to their  problems.\* Playing games with them.\* Taking them to places of interest. |
| \* Taking care of war invalids and the families of martyrs. | \* Listening to their problems\* Cleaning up their houses \* Doing their shopping.\* Cooking meals |
| \* Taking part in directing the | \* Directing vehicles at the intersections.\* Helping old people and young children to cross the road. |

**MODEL 2:**

A:- What kind of volunteer work are you participating in?

B:- We’re Helping old or sick people

A:- What exactly are you doing?

B:- We’re cleaning up their houses, doing their shopping, and cooking meals.

A:- Do you enjoy the work?

B:- Yes, I like helping people.

**Talk about a kind of volunteer work your friends usually do to help people.**

**MODEL 1:**

“We usually take part in helping people on mountainous areas. We teach the children to read and write. We enjoy the work very much because we like helping people.”

**MODEL 2:**

“ Lan usually helps disadvantaged or handicapped children. She teaches the children to read and write, listens to their problemsn and plays games with them. She enjoys the work very much.”

**UNIT 4. LESSON C. LISTENING (HS TỰ THỰC HIỆN)**

**BÀI HỌC GỢI Ý:**

***Listen and repeat.***

Organisation for Education Development: Tổ chức Phát triển Giáo dục

co-operate: hợp tác

disadvantaged children: trẻ bị thiệt thòi

fund-raising: gây quĩ

co-ordinate: cộng tác, điều phối

**Task 1.** Listen and fill in the missing information. (*Nghe và điền thông tin còn thiếu.*)

**Gợi ý:**

**1.** informal

**2.** 30 street children

**3.** 250 children (with special difficulties)

**4.** 1998

**5.** volunteers; June

**TASK 2:**

**1.** What is the aim of Spring School? (*Mục đích của Trường Spring là gì?*)

=> It provides classes to disadvantaged children in Ho Chi Minh City.

**2.** What classes were set up in 1999? (*Các lớp học nào được tổ chức vào năm 1999?*)

=> Dance, theatre, singing and folk music classes were set up in 1999.

**3.** Why do children participate in fund-raising performances? (*Tại sao các em tham gia vào cuộc biểu diễn gây quĩ?*)

=> Because they need money to continue their English and Performance Arts classes.

**4.** Where do children dance, sing and play music? (*Các em biểu diễn xiếc, kịch và múa hát ở đâu?*)

=> They dance, sing and play music at one of the largest hotels in Ho Chi Minh City.

**5.** Why are foreign volunteers needed? (*Tại sao người ta cần đến các tình nguyện viên nước ngoài?*)

=> Because the school needs help to contact sponsors and expand the school activities.

**Nội dung bài nghe:**

Spring School is an informal school. It provides classes to disadvantaged children in Ho Chi Minh City. Around 30 streets children live and study at the school and about 250 children with special difficulties from District 1 regularly attend classes.

The Organisation for Educational Development co-operated with Spring School to set up English classes in 1998. Dance, theatre, singing and folk music classes were set up a year later. Children from these classes participate in fund raising performances. They raise money to continue their English and performance Arts classes.

Spring School requires volunteers to help organize their fund raising dinner held annually in June. This is an exciting night in which children dance, sing and play music at one of the largest hotels in Ho Chi Minh City. They also need foreign volunteers to contact sponsors and help to expand the school activities. Volunteers are required from February until July to help organize these events.

It is hoped that more schools like Spring School will soon be found in other cities in Vietnam.