**TRƯỜNG THPT PHÚ NHUẬN**

**PHIẾU HƯỚNG DẪN HỌC SINH TỰ HỌC**

**BỘ MÔN: TIẾNG ANH**

**KHỐI LỚP 11**

**TUẦN: 9, 10 /HK1 (từ 1/ 11/ 2021 đến 13/ 11/ 2021)**

1. **Nhiệm vụ tự học, nguồn tài liệu cần tham khảo:**

Nội dung 1: gồm kỹ năng đọc hiểu, đọc SGK mục *Reading* – Unit 6

Nội dung 2: gồm mục ngữ pháp, đọc SGK mục *Language focus* – Unit 6

**II. Kiến thức cần ghi nhớ:**

**UNIT 6: COMPETITIONS**

**A/ VOCABULARY**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **activity** | **N** | **/ækˈtɪvəti/** | **hoạt động** |
| **aim** | **n** | **/eɪm/** | **mục đích, ý định** |
| **annual** | **a** | **/ˈænjuəl/** | **xảy ra hàng năm** |
| **announce** | **v** | **/əˈnaʊns/** | **tuyên bố, thông báo** |
| **athletics meeting** |  |  | **cuộc thi điền kinh** |
| **clock** | **v** | **/klɒk/** | **đạt được, ghi** |
| **disappointed** | **a** | **/ˌdɪsəˈpɔɪntɪd/** | **thất vọng** |
| **formally** | **adv** | **/ˈfɔːməli/** | **một cách chính thức** |
| **general knowledge** |  | **/ˌdʒenrəl ˈnɒlɪdʒ/** | **kiến thức phổ thông/đại cương** |
| **marathon** | **n** | **/ˈmærəθən/** | **chạy đua đường dài** |
| **maximum** | **a** | **/ˈmæksɪməm/** | **tối đa** |
| **patter** | **v** | **/ˈpætə(r)/** | **rơi lộp độp (mưa)** |
| **representative** | **n** | **/ˌreprɪˈzentətɪv/** | **đại diện, đại biểu** |
| **sculpture** | **n** | **/ˈskʌlptʃə(r)/** | **điêu khắc** |
| **smoothly** | **adv** | **/ˈsmuːðli/** | **một cách trôi chảy, êm ả** |
| **society** | **n** | **/səˈsaɪəti/** | **xã hội, đoàn thể** |
| **spirit** | **n** | **/ˈspɪrɪt/** | **tinh thần, khí thế** |
| **stimulate** | **v** | **/ˈstɪmjuleɪt/** | **khuyến khích, kích thích** |
| **windowpane** | **n** | **/ˈwɪndəʊpeɪn/** | **ô cửa kính** |

**B/ GRAMMAR**

**REPORTED SPEECH (câu tường thuật)**

### I. Câu tường thuật với to-inf

1) **nhắc cho ai nhớ làm việc gì : remind sb to- inf**

-"Remember to finish your exercise, Tom," the teacher said.

- >The teacher reminded Tom to finish his exercise.

2) **yêu cầu, ra lệnh: ask sb to-inf**

-"Open the door, please," he asked the boy.

- >He asked the boy to open the door.

3) **tình nguyện làm gì giúp ai : offer to-inf**

-"Can you give me a hand?" the old man said to us.

- >She old man offered us to give him a hand.

4) **khuyến khích : encourage sb to-inf**

-"Go on, get up and you'll feel better", the nurse encouraged me.

- >She nurse encouraged me to get up and I would feel better.

**5) Câu khuyên:** advise sb (not) to V

-"You should study harder," my mother said.

-> My mother advised me to study harder

6) **lời mời: invite sb to –inf**

- He said, " Would you like to go out for a drink?"

-> He invited me to go out for a drink.

7) **Hứa hẹn: promise to-inf**

- "I will give you my book". he said.

-> He promised to give her my book.

### II. Câu tường thuật với V-ing

**1) Cảm ơn: thank sb for sth**

- "It was nice of you to help me. Thank you very much", Tom said to me.

-> John thanked me for helping him.

2) **Xin lỗi: apologize to sb for Ving**

- "I'm sorry I'm late," Peter said.

-> Peter apologised for being late.

**3) Chúc mừng: congratulate sb on Ving**

- John said, "I heard you received the scholarship. Congratulation!"

-> John congratulated me on receiving the scholarship

4) **Cương quyết, khăng khăng: insist on Ving**

-" I'll help you with your physics exercises," Peter said to Susan.

-> Peter insisted on helping Susan with her physics exercises

5) **Cảnh báo: warn sb against Ving**

- "Don't go out alone at night" I said to Linda

-> I warned Linda against going out alone at night.

**6) ngăn cản: prevent sn from Ving**

**- "Sit here. I can't let you stand all the time," Mary said to me**

**-> Mary prevented me from standing all the time.**

**7) Thừa nhận: admit Ving**

**-"We stole his money", they said**

**-> They admitted stealing his money.**

**8) phủ nhận: deny Ving**

**-"I didn't steal his money", she said**

**-> She denied stealing his money.**

**9) Tố cáo, buộc tội: accuse sb of Ving**

**-"You took some of my money", he said.**

**- >He accused me of taking some of his money.**

**10) Mơ ước: dream of Ving**

**-"I want to pass the exam with flying colours," John said**

**-> John dreamed of passing the exam with flying colours.**

**11) Đề nghị: suggest + Ving**

**-"Let's go out for a drink", Susan said**

**-> Susan suggested going out for a drink.**

**PRACTICE OF UNIT 6**

**Choose the word that has main stress placed differently from the others.**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. a. contest | b. sponsor | c. observe | d. complete |
| 2. a. stimulate | b. competition | c. disappointed | d. opportunity |
| 3. a. recite | b. organize | c. apologize | d. participate |
| 4. a. knowledge | b. maximum | c. athletics | d. marathon |
| 5. a. encourage | b. compete | c. award | d. represent |

**Choose the best one**

6. He apologized \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ not being able to complete the poem.

a. in b. on c. of d. for

7. Time was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, and the judges announced the results.

a. out b. up c. off d. down

8. He's been teaching music for years, but he hasn't any \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. examinations b. experiences c. experience d. qualifications

9. Most students find English Competitions \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. enjoying b. enjoyment c. enjoyed d. do enjoyable

10. I am pleased to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the winner of the final competition. It's Group B.

a. recite b. announce c. explain d. appoint

11. After convincing myself that the result didn't matter, I felt oddly \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when we lost.

a. encouraged b. stimulated c. disadvantaged d. disappointed

12. With three teams finishing on 40 points, there was no outright \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. win b. winning c. winner d. winnings

13. For work to flow \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, proper preparations must be made.

a. smoothly b. freely c. constantly d. naturally

14. The contestants are eliminated one by one until the last \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in a head-to-head contest.

a. sponsor b. support c. compete d. enter

15. The winner of the contest was given a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for her excellent performance.

a. bonus b. reward c. fine d. award

16. My teachers always encourage \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hard at school.

a. to work b. us to work c. working d. that we work

17. Six months after the accident, he still has difficulty \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. to walk b. walking c. walked d. to walking

18. I really hate \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ away from home so much.

a. you have to be b. you having to be

c. your have to be d. your having to be

19. Staff say that the new computer system \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to greater levels of stress in their work.

a. led b. would lead c. has led d. had led

20. He apologized \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ able to finish the project on time.

a. his colleagues not being b. his colleagues for not being

c. his colleagues not to be d. to his colleagues for not being

21. It's a pity we didn't visit Tom when we had the chance. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him before he left the country.

a. would like to see b. should like to see

c. would like having seen d. would like to have seen

22. His doctor suggested that he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a short leave of absence.

a. will take b. take c. would take d. took

23. It is no use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to school if you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to work hard.

a. going - do not ready b. to go - do not ready

c. going - are not ready d. go - are not ready

24. Mary's father approved of \_\_\_\_\_ in the United States for another year in order to work toward her M. A.

a. her to stay b. she to say c. she staying d. her staying

25. Nowadays, young men with a technical education \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ because of the great demand for highly skilled workmen.

a. is well paid b. should pay well c. are well paid d. could pay well

**Choose the one that needs correcting**

26. Richard said (A) the play was very entertaining (B) and he recommended (C) to see (D) it.

27. Some of (A) my friends have (B) considered not going (C) to college because (D) the cost.

28. It is difficult to imagine (A) him accepting (B) the decision without (C) any objection (D)

29. The highway patrol advises to take (A) the old route through (B) the city because the interstate highway is under (C) major repairs (D).

30. Joyce thanked us inviting (A) them to dinner (B) and said (C) that they wanted to have us over (D) for dinner next week.

**Choose the word or phrase - a, b, c or d - that best fits the blank space in the following passage.**

A beauty contest, or beauty pageant, is a competition between people, (31) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ largely on the beauty of their physical appearance. The modern beauty pageant can (32) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ its origin to the Miss America pageant, first held in Atlantic City, New Jersey, in 1921, under the title 'Inter-City Beauty' contest. The following year the title was (33) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as Miss America. Other contests include the yearly Miss World competition and Miss Universe, which are the two largest and most famous (34) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ beauty contests. Women from around the world (35) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the competition for these titles. To be selected as Miss World or Miss Universe, a contestant must be (36) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or single. If a Miss WorId fails to live up to people's expectations, she may, be (37) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The organizers of the major beauty contests represent their contests (38) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ being events of world importance. (39) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ many other people consider beauty contests to be (40) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ entertainment event of no great importance.

31. a. set b. based c. regarded d. used

32. a. trace b. explain c. pass d. share

33. a. renewed b. removed c. renamed d. retained

34. a. nation b. national c. internationale d. international

35. a. interest b. participate c. excite d. involve

36. a. celibate b. faithful c. impressive d. attractive

37. a. dismissed b. declared c. disqualified d. dispensed

38. a. of b. to c. for d. as

39. a. Besides b. However c. Therefore d. Furthermore

40. a. mass b. popular c. agreeable d. remarkable.

**Read the passage carefully, then choose the correct answers.**

**THE OLYMPIC GAMES**

During the Olympic games, people from all over the world come together in peace and friendship. Some of these people compete for medals. Several million people attend the games, and millions of other people watch them on television.

Why do we have the Olympic games? How did they begin? The first Olympic Games that we have records of were in Greece in 776 B. C. The games lasted one day. The only event in the first thirteen Olympic Games was a race. Men ran the length of the stadium (about 192 meters). Then, longer running races were added. Through the years, a few other kinds of events, like the long jump, were also added. During this time, the games were for men only, and women could not even watch them. In the year 393, a Roman emperor ended the Olympic Games because the quality of the games became very low. The Olympics did not take place again for 1500 years!

In 1894, Pierre de Courbertin of France helped form the International Olympic Committee, and the modern Olympic Games began. In 1896 the games were held again in Athens, Greece. The Greeks built a new stadium for the competition. Three hundred and eleven athletes from thirteen countries competed in many events. The winners became national heroes.

After 1896, the games were held every four years during the summer in different cities around the world. In 1900, the Olympics were in Paris, France, and women competed for the first time. In 1908, in London, England, the first gold medals were given to winning athletes. Before that time, the winners received only silver and bronze medals.

The Olympic flag was first introduced in 1920 in Antwerp, Belgium. The flag has five rings on it. The rings represent the continents of Africa, Asia, Australia, Europe, and North and South America. Each ring is a different color blue, yellow, black, green, or red - because the flag of each of the countries that compete in the games has at least one of these colors in it.

The Olympic Winter Games began in 1924 in Chamois, France. Athletes competed in winter events such as skiing, ice skating, and ice hockey. Today, the Winter Games take place every four years. The Summer Games also take place every four years, but not. in the same year as the winter events. Both the Summer Games and the Winter Games must have at least fifteen events, and they cannot last more than sixteen days.

Until recently, Olympic competitors could not be professional athletes. All of the athletes in the Olympic Games were amateurs. Today, however, many of the Olympic athletes are professionals who play their sports for money during the year. Some people disagree with this idea. They believe that the Olympic Games are for amateur athletes, not paid professionals. Other people think that anyone can play in the Olympic Games. No matter who the athletes are, millions of people throughout the world enjoy watching the greatest athletic competitions, the Summer games and the Winter Games of the Olympics.

41. Which of the following is not true of the first 13 Olympic Games in Greece?

a. They lasted only one day.

b. The men competed while the women watched.

c. They consisted of only one event, which was race running.

d. They were for men only.

42. Pierre de Coubertin \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. was the first athlete from France to take part in the modern Olympic Games

b. helped the Greeks build a new stadium for the modern Games.

c. helped to revive the Games.

d. became a national hero of France.

43. The International Olympic Committee was set up \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. with Pierre de Coubertin as chairman

b. according the wish of a Roman emperor

c. every four years starting from 1894

d. two years before the modern Olympic Games were held

44. Women first competed in the Games \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. in 1908 in London, England

b. in the Paris Olympics of 1900

c. as soon as the Olympic Games were resumed

d. in 1896 at Pierre de Coubertin's suggestion

45. What was special about the 1920 Olympics?

a. The Olympic flag was introduced.

b. Gold medals were given to winning athletes for the first time.

c. Women were allowed to compete for the first time.

d. The Olympic Winter Games were held.

46. Which of the following is not true?

a. There is an interval between the Summer and the Winter Games.

b. The games can't last longer than 16 days.

c. The Summer Games have more sporting events than the Winter Games.

d. The Olympic flag has five rings of five different colors on it.

47. Professional athletes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. joined the Olympic Games only recently.

b. have been allowed to compete in the Games since the Olympic flag was introduced

c. get paid for taking part in the Olympic Games

d. have won more gold medals than amateurs have

48. According to the passage, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

a. the participation of professionals has made the Olympic Games less enjoyable

b. no matter who athletes are, the games are ,still great to watch for millions of people

c. professional athletes will soon be banned from the Games

d. everyone is opposed to allowing professionals to take part

**Choose the answer - a, b, c, or d - that best reports what was said.**

49. 'You're always making terrible mistakes,' said the teacher.

a. The teacher complained about his students making terrible mistakes.

b. The teacher asked his students why they always made terrible mistakes.

c. The teacher realized that his students always made terrible mistakes.

d. The teacher made his students not always make terrible mistakes.

50. Each of you may have one piece of candy,' Mrs. Jones said to the children.

a. Mrs. Jones advised the children to have one piece of candy.

b. Mrs. Jones asked each of the children to have one piece of candy.

c. Mrs. Jones allowed each of the children to have one piece of candy.

d. Mrs. Jones reminded the children to have one piece of candy.

51. 'Would you mind if I brought a friend to the party?' said Peter.

a. Peter wanted me to bring my friend to his party.

b. Peter encouraged me to bring my friend to the party.

c. Peter asked for permission to bring his friend to the party.

d. Peter promised to bring a friend to the party.

52. 'Don't be so disappointed Jane. You can take the driving test again,' said Helen.

a. Helen told Jane not to be disappointed and take the driving test again.

b. Helen asked Jane not to be disappointed and offered her another driving test.

c. Helen warned Jane not to be di3appointed' in order to take the driving test again.

d. Helen encouraged Jane to take the driving test again.

53. 'Let's break for lunch,' said Mathew.

a. Mathew wanted to break for lunch.

b. Mathew insisted on breaking for lunch.

c. Mathew suggested breaking for lunch.

d. Mathew offered us a break for lunch.

54. 'Would you like some coffee, Mike?'

a. Jane asked Mike to make her some coffee.

b. Jane wanted to know whether Mike like coffee.

c. Jane offered to make some coffee for Mike.

d. Jane suggested drinking coffee.

55. 'Could you please wait here until your name is called?'

a. She asked me to wait there until my name was called.

b. She wanted to know if I could wait there until my name was called.

c. She advised me to wait there until my name was called.

d. She reminded me to wait here until my name was called.

**KEY ANSWERS**

1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - b; 4 - c; 5 - d;

6 - d; 7 - b; 8 - c; 9 - d; 10 - b;

11 - d; 12 - c; 13 - a; 14 - c; 15 - d;

16 - b; 17 - b; 18 - d; 19 - c; 20 - d;

21 - d; 22 - b; 23 - c; 24 - d; 25 - c;

26 - D (seeing); 27 - D (because of); 28 - B (his accepting);

29 - A (taking); 30 - A (us for inviting)

31 - b; 32 - a; 33 - c; 34 - d; 35 - b;

36 - a; 37 - c; 38 - d; 39 - b; 40 - c;

41 - b; 42 - c; 43 - d; 44 - b; 45 - a;

46 - c; 47 - A; 48 - B;

49 - a; 50 - c; 51 - c; 52 - d; 53 - c; 54 - c; 55 - a;