

Unit 4 School Education System

VOCABULARY

Reading:

1. educate (v.) ['edju:keit] : giáo dục
 education (n.) [,edju:'kei]n] : sự giáo dục
 educational (adj.)-ly[,edju:'kei]ənl] : thuộc giáo dục
 educated (adj.) : có giáo dục
 educationalist/ educationist/ educator (n)
2. compel sb to do sth : bắt buộc
 compulsion (n.) [kəm'pʌl]n] : sự ép buộc
 compulsory (adj.) [kəm'pʌlsəri] : bắt buộc
 - *compulsory education* : giáo dục phổ cập
 - *general education* : giáo dục phổ thông
3. academy (n.) [ə'kædəmi] : trường đào tạo , học viện
 academic (adj.) [,ækə'demik] :thuộc họ cviện, có tính chất học thuật
 - *academic year* : năm học
4. divide (v.) [di'vaid] : chia ra, phân ra
 - *divide (sth.) into...* : chia ra thành
 divide into sth
 divide sth into sth
Ex. A minute is divided into 60 seconds
- division (n.) [di'viʒn] : sự phân chia
 divisible (adj.) [di'vizəbl] : có thể chia được
 divided (a)
5. term (n.) [tə:m] : học kỳ, nhiệm kỳ
 - *half term* : kỳ nghỉ giữa học kỳ

6. separate (v.) ['seprət] : tách ra
 separation (n.) [,sepə'reiʃn] : sự chia cắt, sự chia ly
 separate (adj.)-ly : riêng biệt , tách rời
7. parallel (v.) ['pærəlel] : song song với
 parallel (n.) : sự song song
 parallel (adj.) : song song
 parallelism (n) .
 unparalleled (a)
9. state school system ['sistəm] : hệ thống GD công lập
 independent school system : hệ thống GD dân lập
 public school system
10. free (v.) (+ obj.) [fri:] : thả, phóng thích
 free (adj.) : tự do, miễn phí
 free (adv.) :
 freely (adv.) :
 freedom (n.) ['fri:dəm] : sự tự do
- Ex: - *Over 100 political prisoners have been freed.*
 - *Children under five travel free.*
11. state (n.) [steit] : nhà nước, tiểu bang
12. category (n.) ['kætigəri] : hạng, loại
13. fee-paying [fi:'peɪn] : trả học phí
 - *fee-paying school* : trường phải đóng học phí
14. level (n.) ['levl] : cấp độ, mức độ
15. primary education ['praɪməri] : giáo dục tiểu học
 secondary education ['sekəndri] : giáo dục trung học
 nursery ['nə: sri] : nhà trẻ
 kindergarten (BrE)= nursery school : trường mẫu giáo
 (a school for children aged two to five)

16. nation (n.) ['neiʃn] : quốc gia
 nationality (n.) [ˌnæʃə'næliti] : quốc tịch
 national (adj.)-ly ['næʃnəl] : thuộc quốc gia
17. curriculum (n.) [kə'rikjuləm] : chương trình giảng dạy
 curriculums = curricula (*plural noun*)
 - curriculum vitae : sơ yếu lý lịch
18. set - set - set : bố trí , để , đặt
19. government (n.) ['gʌvnmənt] : chính quyền
20. to be made up of : gồm
 = to consist of [kən'sist] = comprise = be comprised of = *be composed of*
 Ex. - *Water is made up of hydrogen and oxygen.*
 - *Animal bodies are made up of cells.*
21. design (v.) [di'zain] : thiết kế
 designer (n.) [di'zainə] : nhà thiết kế
22. technology (n.) [tek'nɒlədʒi] : kỹ thuật , công nghệ,
 technologist (n.) [tek'nɒlədʒist] : nhà công nghệ học
 technological (adj.)-ly [ˌtek'nɒlədʒikl] : thuộc công nghệ
23. geography (n.) [dʒi'ɒgrəfi] : địa lý
 geographer (n.) [dʒi'ɒgrəfə] : nhà địa lý
 geographical (adj.)-ly [ˌdʒiə'græfɪkəl] : thuộc địa lý
24. maths = mathematics (n.) [ˌmæθə'mætiks] : toán học
 Ex. - *Deborah is a mathematics teacher.*
 mathematician (n.) [ˌmæθəmə'tiʃn] : nhà toán học
 mathematical (adj.)-ly [ˌmæθə'mætɪkl] : thuộc toán học
25. inform sb of / about sth (v.) [ɪn'fɔ:m] : thông tin , thông báo
 informatics (n.) [ˌɪnfə'mætiks] : tin học
 information (n.) [ˌɪnfə'meiʃn] : tin tức , thông tin
 informative (adj.) [ɪn'fɔ:mətɪv] : giàu thông tin

informational (adj) (only before N)	: thuộc truyền tin
26. art (n.) [ɑ:t]	: nghệ thuật , mỹ thuật
artist (n.) ['ɑ:tɪst]	: nghệ sĩ, họa sĩ
artistic (a)	: có tài năng về mỹ thuật
artistically (adv)	:
27. core (n.) [kɔ:]	: điểm trung tâm , nòng cốt
Ex. - <i>core subjects</i>	: môn học chính
28. stage (n.) [steɪdʒ]	: giai đoạn, sân khấu
29. certificate (n.) [sə'tɪfɪkət]	: giấy chứng nhận ,văn bằng
30. tuition (n.) [tju:'ɪʃn]	: tiền học, học phí
tuition fees	: học phí
31. put into force [fɔ:s]	: bắt buộc
32. award (n.) [ə'wɔ:d]	: phần thưởng
award (v.)	: thưởng, tặng, trao
33. GCSE = General Certificate of Secondary Education	: chứng chỉ giáo dục PTTH

Speaking:

-optional ['ɒpʃənəl]	: tùy chọn, không bắt buộc
Ex. - <i>optional subjects at school</i>	: những môn học tự chọn ở trường

Listening:

- method (n.) ['meθəd]	: phương pháp
methodical [mi'θɒdɪkəl]	: có phương pháp
- well-behaved ['welbi'heɪvd]	: cư xử tốt
- struggle (n.) ['strʌɡl]	: cuộc đấu tranh
- pretty (adv.) ['prɪti]	: khá
- a bit (of) [ə bɪt]	: một chút
- quite (adv) [kwɑɪt]	: khá, hoàn toàn
- on the whole [həʊl]	: nói chung
- essay (n.) ['eseɪ]	: bài tiểu luận

PRACTICE TEST

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. compulsory B. certificate C. curriculum D. category
2. A. original B. parallel C. tuition D. academy
3. A. insurance B. reference C acceptance D. requirement
4. A. historian B. informatics C. academic D. independent
5. A. primary B. condition C. statistics D. location

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

6. A. primary B. divide C. examine D. science
7. A. compulsory B. certificate C. secondary D. category
8. A. student B. education C. tuition D. curriculum
9. A. practiced B. laughed C. caused D. increased
10. A. enjoys B. feless C. takes D. gives

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.

11. Nancy and James are talking about their school days.
 - Nancy: "I think schooldays are the best time of our lives."
 - James: "_____. We had sweet memories together then."
 A. Absolutely B. That's nonsense C. I'm afraid so D. I doubt it
12. - Jack: "Would you like me to get a taxi?"
 - Jean: "_____".
 A. Yes, please, if it's no bother B. Well, let's see.
 C. That would be delightful. Thanks D. Yes, I see.
13. Two students are discussing their previous English class.
 - Student 1. "I think the teacher should give us more exercises."
 - Student 2. "_____"

A. Yes, let's

B. Ok

C. That's rubbish

D. That's what I was thinking

14. - Do you have a minute, Dr. Keith?

- _____.

A. Well. I'm not sure when

B. Good, I hope so

C. Sure. What's the problem?

D. Sorry, I haven't got it here.

15. Jane had difficulty carrying her suitcase upstairs, and Mike, her friend, offered to help.

- Mike: "Need a hand with your suitcase, Jane?"

- Jane: "_____"

A. Not a chance.

B. That's very kind of you.

C. Well done!

D. I don't believe it.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

16. School uniform is **compulsory** in most of Vietnamese schools.

A. depended

B. required

C. divided

D. paid

17. In Scotland, students **transfer** from primary to secondary education at approximately age 12.

A. compound

B. base

C. change

D. move

18. By being **thrifty** and shopping wisely, housewives in the city can feed an entire family on as little as 500.000 VND a week.

A. luxurious

B. Economical

C. sensible

D. miserable

19. Driver are advised to get enough petrol because filling stations are **few and far between** on the highway.

A. unlikely to happen

B. difficult to find

C. easy to access

D. possible to reach

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

20. Today, students are under a lot of **pressure** due to the high expectations from their parents and teachers

A. relaxation

B. emotion

C. stress

D. nervousness

21. Unless the two signatures are identical, the bank won't honour the check.

- A. genuine B. different C. fake D. similar

22. Tom may get into hot water when driving at full speed after drinking wine.

- A. get into trouble B. stay safe C. fall into disuse D. keep calm

23. Tom was too wet behind the ears to be in charge of such a difficult task.

- A. full of experience B. lack of responsibility
C. without money D. full of sincerity

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

24. Whether (A) life in the countryside is better than that (B) in the city depend on (C) each individual's point of view (D).

25. There are (A) many different ways of comparing (B) the economy of one nation with those (C) of another (D) .

26. It is important that cancer is (A) diagnosed (B) and treated as soon as possible (C) in order to assure (D) a successful cure.

27. It is said (A) that these (B) good life skills will make young people become (C) more confidential (D) .

28. Those of us who (A) have a family history of heart disease should make (B) yearly (C) appointments with their (D) doctors.

Mark the letter (A, B, C or D) on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

29 . In England schooling is compulsory _____all children from the age of 5 to 16.

- A. with B. for C. to D. over

30. Education has been developed in _____with modern industry and the mass media.

- A. compulsory B. parallel C. selected D. following

31. In Vietnamese schools, English, mathematics, and literature are three _____ subjects, which are compulsory in many important national examinations.

- A. core B. part C. center D. middle

32. The college offers both_____ and professional qualifications.

- A. government B. experience C. requirement D. academic

33. Military is_____ in our country. Every man who reaches the age of 18 has to serve in the army for two years.

- A. compulsory B. optional C. illegal D. unnecessary
34. In Vietnam a school year lasts for nine months and is divided _____ two terms.
A. into B. to C. from D. on
35. The functional skills such as fundamentals of agriculture, health and hygiene and population education have also been incorporated in the primary school _____.
A. curriculum B. project C. plan D. schedule
36. "Fee-paying schools" is often called " private schools", " _____ schools".
A. college B. primary C. secondary D. independent
37. In the UK, _____ schools refer to government-funded schools which provide education free of charge to pupils.
A. state B. secondary C. independent D. primary
38. She has just bought _____.
A. a Swiss beautiful brand-new watch B. a Swiss brand-new beautiful watch
C. a brand-new beautiful Swiss watch D. a beautiful brand-new Swiss watch
39. "Never say that again, _____?"
A. don't you B. will you C. do you D. won't you
40. _____ in large quantities in the Middle East, oil became known as black gold because of the large profit it brought.
A. Discovered B. Discovering
C. Which was discovered D. That when discovered
41. I was just about _____ the office when the telephone rang.
A. to have left B. leave C. leaving D. to leave
42. Sometimes in a bad situation, there may still be some good things. Try not to "throw out the _____ with the bathwater".
A. fish B. duck C. baby D. child
43. In fact the criminals _____ into because the front door was wide open and so they just walked in.
A. needn't have broken B. didn't need break
C. didn't need to break D. needn't to have broken
44. To our surprise, the so-called cheap shop was _____ we expected.
A. as twice as expensive B. expensive as twice as
C. twice as expensive as D. as expensive as twice