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| SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO TP. HCM  **TRƯỜNG THPT NĂNG KHIẾU TDTT H.BC**  **ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC**  *(Đề kiểm tra có 04 trang)* | **ĐỀ KIỂM TRA HỌC KÌ II**  **NĂM HỌC 2022 - 2023 MÔN TIẾNG ANH – KHỐI 12**  *Thời gian làm bài: 60 Phút (không kể thời gian phát đề)*  **MÃ ĐỀ 321** |
| Họ và tên: ......................................................... | Số báo danh: …………………………….. |

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to choose the word or phrase that best fits each other numbered blanks.***

The United Nations International Children's Fund (or UNICEF) was (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in 1946 to provide emergency food and healthcare to children in countries that had been devastated by World War II. Headquartered in New York City, it provides long-term humanitarian and assistance to children and mother in (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ countries. UNICEF is currently focused on such problems as basic education and gender equality, child protection from violence, exploitation and abuse and HIV/AIDS. Its child protection programs also target children (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ are vulnerable to these abuses when living without parental care. These children are at risk of death, poor physical and mental health, HIV/AIDS infection, educational problems and poor parenting skills later in life.

Right now, UNICEF is working to help the disabled children in the city of Da Nang, Viet Nam. Its first priorities are to find out where children with disabilities live and what their needs are. It will also work to meet disabled children's immediate needs: help build more centers for disabled children, give them access to medical care and (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ sure they receive aids like wheelchairs. Half of all children with disabilities are illiterate and most do not finish primary school. Even those children who do go to school are often falsely perceived to be (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ disabled and are simply ignored. For the long term, UNICEF is already working with the Vietnamese government to fully integrate those living with disabilities into society and to improve the rights of all disabled children.

**Question 1: A.** enabled **B.** impoverished **C.** encouraged **D.** founded

**Question 2: A.** development **B.** develop **C.** developed **D.** developing

**Question 3: A.** who **B.** which **C.** whom **D.** whose

**Question 4: A.** take **B.** make **C.** get **D.** have

**Question 5: A.** internationally **B.** environmentally **C.** voluntarily **D.** intellectually

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.***

**Question 6: A.** h**ea**lthy **B.** l**ea**der **C.** tr**ea**tment **D.** app**ea**l

**Question 7: A.** injur**ed B.** dedicat**ed C.** appall**ed D.** design**ed**

***Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.***

It has been thought that women are the second class in citizen, and men are the first. There is not a real equality of opportunity for men and women. Years ago, people were living in a man-dominated society. Women had to obey their husbands and fathers absolutely. Women’s place was in the kitchen and women’s work was housework. In many places, women were not even allowed to go to school. Woman had no rights, even the right to choose husband for themselves. Men usually occupied high positions in society so they thought they were more intelligent than women. Men often considered women as their property. Sometimes, they were mistreated by their husbands and suffered the problem as a fate. Many parents did not even want to have daughters.

Despite the progress, there remain outdated beliefs about women’s roles, traditionally passed down from generation. Men are commonly seen as the strong bodies, bread-winners in the family and key leaders in society, while women are restricted to being housewives and child bearing and care, and housework such as washing and cooking.

According to social surveys, many women in the 21st century still have to work over 12 hours a day including working in offices and doing countless household chores without any help from their husbands. In some regions, the labor of women is not recognized despite the hardships they endure to support the whole family. Moreover, women are the direct victims of family violence, especially in rural areas.

Thanks to the women’s liberation movement, nowadays women have proved that they are equal to men in every aspect. An average woman has weaker muscles than an average man but she may be as intelligent as he is. Women can do everything that men can, and women can do one thing that no man can: they produce children.

**Question 8:** Which is NOT women’s role in the former days?

**A.** Doing cooking **B.** Working in authority

**C.** Doing housework **D.** Bearing and rearing children

**Question 9:** Years ago, women are not allowed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** to do housework **B.** to go to school

**C.** to work in the kitchen **D.** to stay at home with their parents

**Question 10:** What did women have to suffer?

**A.** Illiteracy **B.** Enjoy their housework

**C.** Choosing a husband themselves **D.** Good schooling

**Question 11:** The outdated beliefs about women’s roles \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** have been eradicated completely

**B.** was forced to change after the women’s liberation movement

**C.** still exist at present

**D.** disappeared soon after the women’s liberation movement

**Question 12:** According to the text, women in the 21st century \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** are still the victims of family violence in some rural areas

**B.** get help from their husband with all housework

**C.** do not have to do housework any more

**D.** spend less than 12 hours working outside the home and doing housework

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.***

**Question 13:** \_\_\_\_\_\_ is a situation in which large numbers of people have little or no food, and many of them die.

**A.** Flood **B.** Famine **C.** Poverty **D. ‌‌** Disaster

**Question 14:** The Red Cross is aimed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ providing medical aid and other help to victims of natural disasters.

**A.** to **B.** at **C.** for **D.** in

**Question 15:** \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I will give him the report.

**A.** When he returns **B.** By the time he returned

**C.** As he will return **D.** Until he will return

**Question 16:** Yesterday my mother gave me a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ book.

**A.** new interesting English **B.** interesting English new

**C.** interesting new English **D.** English new interesting

**Question 17:** They are appealing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ local business for sponsorship money.

**A.** in **B.** to **C.** at **D.** on

**Question 18:** Women were considered to be suited \_\_\_\_\_\_ childbearing and homemaking.

**A.** in **B.** for **C.** of **D.** on

**Question 19:** There is a wide \_\_\_\_\_\_ of computers in that shop for you to choose.

**A.** vary **B.** variety **C.** various **D.** variously

**Question 20:** If you do not understand the word “superstitious”, look it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the dictionary.

**A.** at **B.** on **C.** up **D.** after

**Question 21:** An international medical conference initiated by Davidson resulted \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the birth of the League of Red Cross Societies.

**A.** to **B.** on **C.** for **D.** in

**Question 22:** John is now \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than he used to be.

**A.** happy **B.** happiest **C.** more happy **D.** happier

**Question 23:** The Red Cross is an international \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ agency.

**A.** human **B.** humanistic **C.** humanitarian **D.** humanity

**Question 24:** Mrs. Pike \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the door before the customers arrived.

**A.** will open **B.** has opened **C.** had opened **D.** would open

**Question 25:** Many women are interested in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ issues nowadays.

**A.** politics **B.** political **C.** politic **D.** politician

**Question 26:** I have earned my own living \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I was seven.

**A.** as soon as **B.** while **C.** when **D.** since

**Question 27:** My father was determined to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ smoking.

**A.** turn up **B.** take off **C.** give up **D.** wash up

**Question 28:** Jonathan \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ after his father, you know. They are both very intelligent.

**A.** goes **B.** looks **C.** takes **D.** gets

**Question 29:** After a long illness, Jane’s getting \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**A.** thinner and thinnest **B.** thin and thinner

**C.** thinner and thinner **D.** thinnest and thinnest

**Question 30:** We should call Rita, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?

**A.** shall we **B.** should we **C.** shouldn’t we **D.** should not we

**Question 31:** Don’t you believe in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ between men and women?

**A.** equality **B.** energy **C.** peace **D.** support

**Question 32:** An international medical conference was \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for the interchange of new ideas and approaches.

**A.** establish **B.** establishment **C.** established **D.** establisher

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

**Question 33:** Are you **getting on with** your neighbors?

**A.** managing to reach something **B.** having a bad relationship

**C.** being responsible for **D.** having a good relationship

**Question 34:** An international medical conference **initiated** by Davison resulted in the birth of the League of Red Cross Societies in 1991.

**A.** treated **B.** ended **C.** started **D.** dedicated

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.***

**Question 35:** In times of war, the red cross is **dedicated** to reducing the sufferings of wounded soldiers, civilians and prisoners of war.

**A.** devoted **B.** astonished **C.** interested **D.** impressed

**Question 36:** The bomb **exploded** in the garage, fortunately no one hurt.

**A.** put off **B.** set off **C.** took off **D.** went off

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word which differs from the other three in the position of the primary stress in each of the following questions.***

**Question 37: A.** treatment **B.** mission **C.** culture **D.** appeal

**Question 38: A.** president **B.** livelihood **C.** agency **D.** disaster

***Mark the letter A, B,* C, *or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.***

**Question 39:** Linda is thanking Daniel for his birthday present.

- **Linda**: “Thanks for the book. I’ve been looking for it for months.”

- **Daniel**: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.”

**A.** Thank you for looking for it **B.** I like reading books.

**C.** I’m glad you like it **D.** You can say that again

**Question 40:** Liz is telling Andrew about her first novel.

**Liz**. “Guess what? My first novel has just been published”

**Andrew**: “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_”

**A.** It’s very kind of you **B.** It’s my pleasure

**C.** Better luck next time! **D.** Congratulations!

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.***

**Question 41:** I have never met anyone who is more intelligent than Mr Baker.

**A.** The more I meet Mr Baker, the more intelligent he seems to be.

**B.** Nobody in the world is as intelligent as Mr Baker.

**C.** Mr Baker is the most intelligent man I have ever met.

**D.** Mr Baker is the most intelligent man in the world.

**Question 42:** If you practise harder, you will have better result.

**A.** The harder you practise, the best results you will have.

**B.** The harder you practise, the better results you will have.

**C.** The hardest you practise, the most results you will have.

**D.** The more hardly you practise, the better results you will have.

**Question 43:** By the time we finished our work, Peter had already gone home.

**A.** Peter had gone home before we finished our work.

**B.** As soon as we finished our work, we would go home with Peter.

**C.** We finished our work before Peter went home.

**D.** Peter didn’t go home until we finished our work.

**Question 44:** My plane leaves at 10.30 a.m.

**A.** My plane goes off at 10.30 a.m. **B.** My plane takes on at 10.30 a.m.

**C.** My plane goes on at 10.30 a.m. **D.** My plane takes off at 10.30 a.m.

**Question 45:** After locking the door of the shop, she left .

**A.** She didn’t leave until she locked the door of the shop.

**B.** She didn’t leave as soon as she locked the door of the shop.

**C.** She left before she locked the door of the shop.

**D.** She didn’t leave before she locked the door of the shop.

***Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.***

**Question 46:** It takes some patients several months to get up this type of operation.

**A.** several **B.** takes **C.** get up **D.** operation

**Question 47:** John lost the new Japanese blue bicycle that he bought last week.

**A.** that **B.** bought **C.** the **D.** Japanese

**Question 48:** Late afternoon yesterday while I prepared dinner, the doorbell rang.

**A.** Late afternoon **B.** the **C.** rang **D.** prepared

**Question 49:** You haven’t been able to sleep very well recently, could you?

**A.** could you **B.** well **C.** to sleep **D.** been

**Question 50:** This picture is most colorful than the one in the hall.

**A.** most **B.** hall **C.** picture **D.** the one

***------ THE END ------***