REVISION 12- FIRST SEMESTER

			that differs from the other three
in the position of stress in each	ch of the following que	stions	
1. A. parallel	B. dependent	C. educate	D. primary
2. A. physical	B. achievement	C. government	D. national
3. A. optimistic	B. unexpected	C. environment	D. electricity
4. A. contribute	B. confident	C. eternal	D. eradicate
5. A. stressful	B. pressure	C. prepare	D. future
6. A. employment	B. remember B. application	C. concentrate	D. position
7. A. university	B. application	C. technology	D. entertainment
8. A. mathematics	B. engineering	C. scientific	D. laboratory
			d whose underlined part differs
from other three in pronunci	iation in each of the fol	llowing questions	
Đề thi ngoài đề cương			
Mark the letter A, B, C or D	on your answer sheet	to indicate the correc	t answer to each of the following
questions			
VOCABULARY			
9. A is an official doc			ted a course of study or training.
A. vocation	B. subject		
10. In many countries, prospec	ctive university students	apply for duri	ng their last year of high school.
A. achievement	B. information	C. course	D. admission
11. A university is an -instituti	on of higher education a	and research, which gra	nts degrees at all levels
in a variety of subjects.			
A. secondary	B. optional	C. academic	D. vocational
			ene and population education have
also been incorporated in the p	orimary school	•	
A. curriculum	B. project	C. plan	D. schedule
13. Many children are under su	uch a high of le	earning that they do not	feel happy at school.
A. recommendation	B. interview	C. pressure	D. concentration
14. She likes meeting people a			
guide.			
A. location	B. position	C. site	D. word
15. To my, I was not	offered the job.		
A. happiness	B. dream	C. joy	D. disappointment
16. Being well-dress and punc	tual can help you create	a good on you	ır interviewer.
A. impression B. pres	sure	C. employment	D. effectiveness
17. She often reads newspaper			mns every day, but up to now she
has not found any job yet.			
A. Article	B. Space	C. Vacant	D. Spot
18. Many people will be out of			-
A. work	B. career	C. profession	D. job
19. There will be powerful net	work of computers which	ch may come from a sin	gle computing that is
worn on or in the body.	•	•	
A. device	B. machinery	C.equipment	D.vehicle
20. The more powerful weapon	•	* *	
A. creativity	B. history		D. technology
21. TVof the elected			2,
			D. covered
A. coverage22. Domestic chores are now r	no longer a tha	anks to the inventions of	f electronic
devices.			
A. bound	B. weight	C. burden	D. load
23. Making mistakes is all			
A. part and parcel		k and cheese	
C. top and bottom		s and ends	

24. When the tenants failed to supply to the flat.	pay their bill, the author	rities decided to	the gas
	B.cut out	C cut off	D. cut up
25. In the greatof the 193			
A. development	R hoom	C depression	D reformation
26 A/an is an offici	al document stating that	vou have passed an ev	amination, completed a course, or
achieved some necessary qual		you have passed an ex	ammation, completed a course, or
A. certificate		C adjustion	D tost
27. She was the first in her far A. schedule	D advantion	C science	D. taahnalaay
A. scriedule	B. education	C. Science	s, and animals that live in different
regions of the world.	Earurs physical leature	es and the people, plants	s, and animals that live in different
	B. Geography	C History	D. Tachnology
29. Fee-paying schools, often	olled "independent sch	oole" "private schools"	or " schools"
A college	D primory	C secondary	D public
20. In the LIV school	D. pillially	C. secondary	D. public provide education free of charge to
	ois fefer to government-	runded schools which p	orovide education free of charge to
pupils.	D	C :- 114	D
	B. secondary		
31. He has not been offered th			
A. requirements			
32 education is norm	•	idergraduate arid postgr	aduate education, as well as
vocational education and train	ing.	C C 1	D. I. a. B. a.
A. Primary B. Ter	nary	C. Secondary	D. Intermediate
33. The University of Cambrid	age is a prestigious	of higher learning	in the UK
A. tower	B. hall	C. house	D. institute
WORD FORM		•	
34. Many people have objecte			D 1 10 11
A. science	B. scientist	C. scientific	D. scientifically
35. I've always had a fairly	outlook on life.	a	5
A. optimist	B. optimistic	C. optimism	D. optimized
36. Old people often try to			
A. economize			
	cation is provided by st	ate schools run by the	government and by fee-
paying schools.			
A. independent			D. independence
38. He did not do well at scho			
A. academic	B. academy		D. academically
39 is increasing, wh			
A. Employment			
40. He was offered the job that			interview.
	B. impression		D. impressively
41. Parents can express a			
	B. preference	C. preferential	D. preferable
PREPOSITION			
42 . Cars will runany	thing from electricity to	methane gas.	
A. on	B. to	C. for	D. in
43. He remains deeply pessim			
A. in	B. on	C. to	D. about
44. I have just taken a Test of	English as a Foreign La	nguage or TOEFL	short.
A. of	B. in		D. for
45. In England schooling is co		children from the age of	5 to 16.
A. with	B. for	C. to	D. over
46. Many parents do not let th	eir children make a deci	sion their futu	re career.
A. in	B. about		
47 You are old enough I thin	nk it is high time you an		

A. in	B. of	C. for orning. You can phone r	D. upon
48. I'll be at home	Saturday mo	orning. You can phone n	me then.
A. At	B.on	C. in March, March 2 C. at/ in April or May. C in	D.by
49. Lisa's birthday is	the end of	March, March 2	29.
A.at/on	B. in/on	C. at/ in	D. 1n/on
50. Fruit trees general	lly bloom	April or May. C. in	
71. 011	D. at	C. III	D . 101
	-	nd cardsCh	
A. In	B.at	C.on	D.for
52. We arrived	Paris around noon	, but we didn't arrive	our friend.
A. In/ in	B. at/ in	C. in/ at	D. in/on
53. Neil Armstrong w	vas the first man to walk	the moon	21 July 1969.
A. In/ on		C.on/in	
54. I'm getting on all	right at school except _	English. I'm quite	e bad it.
	B. at /at		
55. Too much sun isn	i't goodyou. It is l	bad your skin.	
A.for/for	B. at/ for	C. for/at	D. at/ in
	eddrinking c	offee. I'm a tea drinker.	
	B. in	C. to	D. at
	the man she loves?		
A. With	B.to	C.for	D.in
		impression you	
A. on			
59. Good preparation	ns your job into	erview is a must. C. in	
	B. upon		
			e word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the
	in each of the following		
_	ion, many small compa	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_
A. run on		C. wiped out	D. set up
61. It's <u>incredible</u> hov	w much Tom has chang	ed since he met Sally.	
A. unbelievable	B. difficult	C. disappointed	D. imaginable
			tant was in need of a break.
•		C/ so few	
_		rd to envisage what it w	
A/ visualize	B/ inspect		D/ expect
	greed to be very <u>frugal</u>	in their shopping becaus	se they wanted to save enough money to
buy a house.	5.	~	D
A.wasteful	B.interested	C.economical	D.hateful
	_	elp their neighbours, hov	wever, they quite often do just the opposites
causing poor countrie	-		1 5 61
A.sophisticated	B.wealthy	C.industrialize	ed D.powerful
	compulsory in most of		- II
A. depended	B. required	C. divided	D. paid
	_		on at approximately age 12.
A. compound	B. base	C. change	D. move
	•		ne word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the
	in each of the following		
			order to attend the university.
A. useful	B. compulsory	C. optional	D. important
	ttend without paying fe		
•	B. secondary schools	•	*
•	_	ance meeting last summ	
A. deliberate	B. unplanned	C. accidental	D. unintentional
-		Il not be a piece of cake.	
A. very easy	B. very difficult	C. very long	D. very complex
		2	
		3	

72. Projects like Let's Move an	re raising public awaren	ess of junk food consu	nption.	
A/ concern	B/ knowledge	C/ difference	D/ ignorance	
73. Journalists are expected to	present unprejudiced co	overage of events.	_	
A/ unforeseen	B/ biased	C/ untold	D/ preferable	
74. He was once a benevolent	man who gave a lot of h	nis money to local chari	ties	
A. generous	B. selfish	C. innocent	D. bossy	
75. It's not beyond the realm of	of possibility that some	schools may have to cu	•	
A. possible	B. impossible	C. unlikely	D. certain	
•	-	-	that best completes each of the	
following exchange	,		r	
76.Lien was walking her dogs	in the park, she met Lar	n accidentally. Lan: "He	ow lovely your pets are!"	
A. Thank you, it's nice of you	-	B. Really? The	* * *	
C. Can you say that again	to suff so	D. I love them	•	
77. "Could you pick me up bet	fore 3 o'clock?" "	I'm still at work then	,,	
A. I expect so		B. I suppose no	nt	
C. I'm afraid not		D. Yes I could		
78- Kate: "Have you got enough	ah furniture for your ne		٠,	
	B/ No, I need r			
C/ Needless to say.		rop in some day.		
79 - Tina: "I'm sorry. I won't	¥ •		22	
-			_	
A/ Great!	B/Oh, that's an	, ,		
C/ Well, never mind.	D/ Sounds like			
80. Flora and Victor are saying				
- Flora: "Well, it's getting dark	c. we should have anoth	ier date sometime.		
- Victor: "		D.M. 1 1		
A. Sounds good. I'll give you	a call.	B. Nice to see back yo		
C. Take it easy.		D. Yes, I've enjoyed it	ī.	
81. Linda and William are disc		1 22		
- Linda: "Life would be better				
- William: " Such life	would become more da	•		
A. You can say that again		B. What nonsense!		
C. Yes, that's right		D. No, I don't like		
82. Two friends Diana and Anne are talking about their upcoming exams.				
- Diana: "Our midterm exams	s will start next Tuesday	, are you ready?"		
- Anne:"				
A. I'm half ready. B. God		nk you so much	D. Don't mention it!	
83. Mary is talking to her profe				
- Mary:" Can you tell me how to find material for my science report, professor?"				
- Professor:""				
A. I like it that you understand				
B. Try your best, Mary.				
C. You can borrow books from	n the library.			
D. You mean the podcasts from	n other students?			
		to indicate the underli	ined part that needs correction	
in each of the following ques	-		•	
		nal (B) economies and i	t is also a source of trained and (C)	
educated personnel for (D) the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· /	,	
85. Neither (A) Jane nor (B) S	· ·	why they were (D) so la	te.	
	=		utrients, (C) include animal and	
green manure, fish and bone m		<u> </u>		
87. At (A) this time yesterday he was talking (B) to a friend he has not met (C) for (D) ten years.				
88. The (A) students spread (B) our (C) picnic rug out on the ground and sat (D) down to have lunch.				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	the public (C) that he would win	
the election (D)	(11) unifounced, there we	an <u>manue y</u> (D) nom	a me paone (e) mai ne would will	
90. The oldest (A) newspaper:	in town, The Sentinel, v	vas (B) published conti	nuously (C) for 120 years (D).	

- 91. The results of my (A) oral exam are out today (B) so I hope they (C) don't put it (D) up on the notice board. 92. The (A) footman, who was distributing (B) leaflets with Kutuzov's cantata, laid (C) one before Pierre as one of the principle (D) guests. 93. Most parents prefer an education system which offers the children widest study options in the world. 94. The purpose of secondary education is to give common knowledge and to prepare for either higher education and vocational education. 95. Higher education is very importance to national economies and it is also a source of trained and educated personnel for the whole country C **READING** Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions PASSAGE 1 The American education system requires that students complete 12 years of primary and secondary education prior to attending university or college. This may be accomplished either at public or governmentoperated schools, or at private schools. These 12 years of schooling or their equivalent may also be completed outside the USA, thus giving foreign students the opportunity to pursue the benefits of the American education system and obtain a quality American education. Perhaps one of the most impressive facts is that a large number of presidents, prime ministers and leaders from other countries have experienced the American education system and graduated from a university or school in the USA. In many fields and industries, the American education system offers the most cutting-edge, sought-after programs at the world's best schools. That is why graduating from an accredited American school and being exposed to the rigors of the American education system is an investment in your future. Whether you want to study at a top USA university, a top USA college, a vocational or high school, a thorough understanding of how the American education system works is essential. Without a clear grasp of the American education system, an international student will find it difficult to make the right academic choices. It is no surprise that the American education system and the American school system host more international students than any other country in the world! 96. The expression *government-operated* could best be replaced by _____. A. independent D. boarding B. state C. vocational 97. According to the text, students in the USA A. are made to take primary and secondary education in the country B. are not necessarily take primary and secondary education in the country C. spend less than 12 years for primary and secondary education D. needn't take primary and secondary education 98. The writer _____ the US education. A. appreciates B. underestimates C. overstates D. dislikes
- A. The US education is not good enough for foreign students.
- B. Foreign students are not offered opportunities in the US:
- C. There are not many foreign students in the US.
- D. Many leaders all over the world have studied in the US.
- 100. What is the writer's advice?

99. Which is true?

- A. International students should not invest their future education in the US.
- B. International students should not study at a top USA university, a top USA college, a vocational or high school.
- C. Without a clear grasp of the American education system, an international student can make the right academic choices
- D. International students should have a thorough understanding of how the American education system works before going there to study.

PASSAGE 2

Some day people will certainly try to build settlements on the moon. The best place for houses in a moon town will be a cave or a tunnel. Underground houses will not be squashed by meteorites that constantly fall on the moon from outer space. This will be important on the moon, since daytime is so hot that food could be cooked in the rocks, and the nights get bitterly cold.

Pioneer moon homes may be made of airtight plastic that can be blown up like a balloon inside the cave. The reason for this is that the moon has no air around it. The pioneers will have to take along from the earth the oxygen masks when they are away from home. But the balloon house itself will be filled with air. Perhaps the house will have beds, tables and chairs, built into it. These can be inflated, too. So people will sleep, eat and work on air! Moon-house building will be easy. The moon's gravity is less than the earth's. Everything weighs only one-sixth as much as it does on the earth.

101. In a moon town, what is the best place for houses?

A. a cave B. a balloon C. a tunnel D. either A or C

102. Which of the following is TRUE

A. The people on the moon will not leave their homes

B. The people on the moon will wear oxygen masks when they leave their homes

C. The moon homes are made of plastic

D. The temperature in a cave changes as much as the temperature outside.

103. Why will the pioneers have to take along from the earth the oxygen they need for breathing?

A. Because the moon homes are made of airtight plastic.

B. Because the balloon house will be filled with air.

C. Because moon people will sleep, eat and work on air.

D. Because the moon has no air around it.

104. If a stone weighs 18 tons on the earth, how much does it weigh on the moon?

A. six tons
C. one hundred and eight tons
D. three tons

105. According to the passage, can people build cities on thé moon?

A. No, they can't.

B. Perhaps people can do.

C. Of course. People can build cities on the moon in the future.

D. People only think so

PASSAGE 3

Preparation is a key to a successful interview. Does the idea of going to a job interview make you feel a little nervous? Many people find that **it** is the hardest part of the employing process. But it is not really true. The more you prepare and practice, the more comfortable you will feel. You should find out as much as possible about the company before you go to the interview. Understand the products that they produce and the services that they provide. It is also good to know who the customers are and who the major competitors are. Practice makes perfect. It will also make you feel more confident and relaxed. So, practice your answers to common questions. Make a list of questions to ask, too. Almost all interviewers will ask if you have questions. This is a great opportunity for you to show your keenness, enthusiasm, and knowledge.

Make a great impression. The interview is your chance to show that you are the best person for the job. Your application or resume has already exhibited that you are qualified. Now it is up to you to show how your skills and experience match this position and this company. The employer will be looking and listening to determine if you are a good fit. He/she will be looking for a number of different qualities, in addition to the skills that you possess. To make the best impression, dress appropriately; express your strengths; arrive early, by about 10-15 minutes; be enthusiastic; shake hands firmly; be an active listener; sit up straight and maintain eye contact; and ask questions

After the interview, follow up with a thank-you note. This is a chance for you to restate your interest and how you can benefit the company. Your best bet is to try to time it so that the note gets there before the hiring: decision is made. You should also follow up with a phone call if you do not hear back from the employer within the specified time.

106.The pronoun it refers to _____.

A. the job
C. the interviewer
D. the preparation

107. What does the writer advise you to practice?

A. Asking and answering questions related to the job. B. Making products that the company produces.

C. Providing services th	at the company serves	. D. Meeting some	customers and competitors.
108. Which should not b	be shown during your	interview?	
A. Punctuality		B. A firm	hand shaking
C. Being properly-d	ressed	D. Weakı	nesses
109. You can show your	qualifications in the		
A. dressing style and	d punctuality	B. competing wit	h the competitors
C. resume and letter	of application	D. eye contact wi	ith the interview
110. Which is not include		ce?	
A. You should not c	ommunicate with the	interviewer after the interv	view.
B. You 'should make	e the best impression i	n the interview.	
	_	the interviewer after the	interview,
	•	or any information after th	
PASSAGE 4		•	
	changes, higher educa	ation is undergoing major	transformations. The university model
			ce. New trends in Chinese higher
			olishment of Western-oriented modern
			as continued to evolve. Over the past
	•	_	stimulated reforms in higher education
that have resulted in son			
			anjin. The university changed its name
			s in China: Next, Jiaotong University
			was moved to Xi'an, an ancient capital
			of the university remaining in Shanghai
was renamed Shanghai		otong omversity, the part	or the university remaining in snanghar
		h anniversary in 1995 fol	lowed by Xi'an Jiaotong and Shanghai
•		•	ng University (1897), Beijing
_	_	•	ed their hundredth anniversaries, one
•		•	in Chinese higher education.
111. The text is about _		egining of a new enapter	in chinese ingher education.
A. Chinese educatio		B some f	famous universities in China
	ences on Chinese educ		ation for a university in China
112. Chinese higher edu		ation D. applied	ation for a university in China
A. is not affected by any		R has not re	eally well-developed
			attention by global educators
113. Chinese higher edu		entary D. is not paid any	attention by global educators
_		R has decreased	over the past two decades
	•		try's economic development
114. Tianjin University			ay s economic development
A. 1895	B. 1896	 C. 1950	D. 1951
		th anniversaries in 2002?	D . 1731
A. Nanjing University	tv	B. Shanghai Jiaotong Un	iversity
	niversity	D. Beijing University	rversity
GRAMMAR	inversity	D. Deijing University	
PASSIVE			
	mmediately to prevent	teenagers from	in factories and mines
C. should do <i>I</i> be exploi	ig exploited tad	B. we should do / exploit D. should have done / exploit	nloited
2. Bicycles in t		b. should have dolle / ex	pioned
A. must not leave	inc directay.	R must not be leaving	
		B. must not be leaving D. must not have left	
C. must not be left Reathogon's Fifth Syr	nnhony nove		
3. Beethoven's Fifth Syr			
A. is going to be perform	IICU	B. has been performed	
C. will be performing	rafara transportation	D. will have performed	
4. All bottles b	-	C wans frage	D are from
A. frozen	B. were froze	C. were frozen	D. are froze

5. I hate personal questions by ne	wly-acquai	nted friends.	
A. to be asking B. to be ask	ed	C. being asking	D. of asking
6. The trees			_
A. were grown by John yesterday in the ba	ckyard		
B. were grown in the backyard by John yes	terday		
C. were grown in the backyard yesterday b	y John		
D. in the backyard were grown yesterday b	•		
7 yet?	•		
	B. Hav	e been the letters type	d
A. Have the letters been typed C. Have the letters typed	D. Had	the letters typed	
8. The telephone by Alexander Gr			
A. is invented B. is invented			D. was invented
9. Lots of houses by the earthqual			
A. are destroying B. destroyed	d	C. were destroying	D. were destroyed
10. In the US the first stage of compulsory	education	as elementar	v education.
A. to be generally known	B. is g	enerally known	,
C. generally known	D is o	enerally known enerally knowing	
11. These students so much that the	nev feel ve	ry tired and bored	
A. are made to study	R are	made study	
A. are made to study C. are making to study	D. are	made to be studied	
12. Portuguese as an official lange			red years ago
			red years ago.
C. has always spoken	D. had	been spoken always always spoken	
13. More than ten victims missing		• •	
		reported to have been	
		reporting to be	
14. This car	D. arc	reporting to be	
A. was manufactured in Japan by Toyota la	et voor		
B. was manufactured in Japan by Toyota is.			
C. was manufactured by Toyota last year in C. was manufactured last year in Japan by	-		
D. last year was manufactured by Toyota in	•		
15. Reagan an actor years ago.	i Japan		
A. is said to be	P was	said being	
		aid to have been	
C. was said have been		aid to have been	
16. Somebody accused me of stealing mor		D. Lam agained of	establina monov
A. I was accused by somebody of stealing to	money.	B. I am accused of	•
C. I was accused of stealing money.	~	D. I was accused st	eaning money.
17. They cancelled all flights because of fo	_	D All flights were as	ancelled because of for
A. All flights because of fog were cancelled.			ancelled because of fog.
C. All flights were cancelled by them because.	_	D. All Hights were be	ecause of fog cancelled.
18. They are building a new highway arour	•	D. A marry highways is	haina built around the aits
A. A new highway is being built around the	-		being built around the city.
C. A new highway around the city is being		•	new highway is being built.
19. It is said that many people are homeless		100us.	
A. Many people say to be homeless after the			
B. Many people said are homeless after the		1_	
C. Many people are said to be homeless aft			
D. Many people are said to have been home		the Hoods.	
20. They have changed the date of the mee	_		
A. The date of the meeting have been chan	-		
B. The date of the meeting has been changed.			
C. The meeting has been changed the date.			
D. The date of the meeting has changed.			
21. It is said that he has broken several wor			
A. People said that he has obtained severa	ai world re	cords.	

- B. He is said to have broken several world records.
- C. It is said that several world records has been destroyed by him.
- D. He is said that he has broken several world records.
- 22. People say that six out of the seven wonders of the ancient world were destroyed.
- A. It was said that six out of the seven wonders of the ancient world were destroyed.
- B. Six out of the seven wonders of the ancient world were said to be destroyed.
- C. Six out of the seven wonders of the ancient world are said to have destroyed.
- D. Six out of the seven wonders of the ancient world are said to have been destroyed.
- 23. It is believed that a buried treasure was hidden in the tomb.
- A. They believed that a buried treasure was hidden in the tomb.
- B. A buried treasure is believed that was hidden in the tomb.
- C. A buried treasure is believed to hide in the tomb.
- D. A buried treasure is believed to have been hidden in the tomb.

CONDITIONAL SENTENCE

1. If you	to my advice, you	in trouble now.		
A. listened / w	ere not		B. listen / are not.	
C. had listened	/ would not have been		D. had listened / v	would not be
2. If you take the 8	a.m. flight to New Yo	rk you char	nge planes.	
A. could not ha	ave to	•	B. will not have to)
C. had not had	to		D. would not to ha	ave to
3. If it wa	rm yesterday, we woul	ld have gone to the b	each.	
A. was	B. were	-	C. had been	D. could be
4. If it an	hour ago, the streets _	wet now.		
A. were raining	g / will be		B. had rained / wo	ould be
C. rained / would be			D. had rained / wo	ould have been
5 here, h	e would helped us with	these troubles.		
A. Were Peter	_		B. If were Peter	
C. Unless were	Peter		D. Unless Peter w	rere
6 that pro	oblem with the car, we	wouldn't have misse	d the speech.	
A If we had ha	ad		B If had we had	

D. Provided that we had had

7. If I were taller, I could reach the top shelf:

C. Unless we had had

- A. I am not tall enough to reach the top shelf.
- B. I am too tall to reach the top shelf.
- C. I cannot reach the top shelf because I am very tall.
- D. In spite of being tall, I cannot reach the top shelf.
- 8. Had the announcement been made earlier, more people would have attended the lecture.
- A. The lecture was held so late that a few people attended it.
- B. More people came late to the lecture because of the late announcement.
- C. The late announcement helped make the lecture well- attended.
- D. Few people came to the lecture because the announcement was not made earlier.
- 9. John speaks Chinese fluently because he used to live in China for ten years.
 - A. Suppose John has lived in China for ten years, he can speak Chinese fluently.
 - B. Provided that John lived in China for ten years, he could speak Chinese fluently.
 - C. Unless John had lived in China for ten years, he could not have spoken Chinese fluently.
 - D. John could not speak Chinese fluently if he had not lived in China for ten years.
- 10. Thanks to Laura's report, I was able to finish the project.
 - A. If there isn't Laura's report, I wouldn't finish the project.
 - B. Had it not been for Laura's report, I wouldn't have been to finish the project.
 - C. If Laura didn't help me, I wouldn't finish the project.
 - D. I wouldn't have finished the project if Laura didn't help me.
- 11. I will agree to these conditions provided that they increase my salary.
 - A. They did not increase my salary so I quit the job.
 - B. I will only agree these conditions if they give me more money.
 - C. They give me more money or I will only agree these conditions.

D. Unless they give me more money, I will only agree these conditions. 12. I have to work tomorrow morning, so I can't meet you. A. If I don't have to work tomorrow morning, I can meet you. B. If I didn't have to work tomorrow morning, I would meet you. C. I could meet you if I don't have to work tomorrow morning. D. I can meet you if I didn't have to work tomorrow morning. 13. You drink too much coffee, that's why you can't sleep. A. If you drank less coffee, you would be able to sleep. B. You drink much coffee and you can sleep. C. You wouldn't sleep well if you hadn't drink any coffee. D. You can sleep better without coffee. 14. We did not visit the museum because we had no time. A. If we have time, we will visit the museum. B. If we had time, we would visit the museum. C. If we had had time, we would have visited the museum. D. If we had had time, we will visit the museum. 15. We didn't go by air because I didn't have enough money. A. We would go by air if we had enough money. B. We would have gone by air if we had had enough money. C. we had had enough money if we would have gone by air. D. If we would go by air, we had enough money. 16. I don't know philosophy, so I can't answer your questions. A. If I know philosophy, I can't answer your questions. B. If I philosophy, I will be able to answer your questions. C. If I knew philosophy, I would be able to answer your questions. D. If I had known philosophy, I would have been able to answer your questions. 17. She didn't stop her car because she didn't see the signal. A. If she saw the signal, she would stop her car. B. If she had seen the signal, she would stop her car. C. If she had seen the signal, she would have stopped her car. D. If she saw the signal, she would have stopped her car. 18. His flight was delayed so he couldn't be here on time. A. He would be here in time if his flight were not delayed. B. He would have been here in time if his flight hadn't been delayed. C. He would be here in time if his flight hadn't been delayed. D. He would have been here in time if his flight weren't delayed. 19. Susan felt sick because she got caught in the rain. A. If Susan got caught in the rain, she would felt sick. B. If Susan hadn't got caught in the rain, she wouldn't have felt sick. C. If Susan hadn't got caught in the rain, she wouldn't feel sick. D. Susan got caught in the rain and she still felt sick. 20. Jimmy took up rock climbing. He overcame his fear of heights only then. A. Hardly had Jimmy took up rock climbing when he overcame his fear of heights. B. But for taking up rock climbing, Jimmy would have overcome his fear of heights. C. Despite his fear of heights, Jimmy took up rock climbing. D.Only when Jimmy took up rock climbing did he overcome his fear of heights. **RELATIVE CLAUSE**

1. Is there anything else	you want to ask?		
A. what	B. where	C. whom	D. that
2 one of the most cre	eative artists in rock 'n roll, ca	ame from Califor	rnia.
A. Frank Zappa, who was		B. Frank Zap	pa was
C. Frank Zappa, that was		D. Frank Zap	pa whom was
3. He came to the party wearing	ng only a pair of shorts and a	T-shirt,	was a stupid thing to do
A. who	B. whom	C. which	D. that
4. He lives in a small town			

A. where is called Taunton	A. where is called Taunton		B. which is called Taunton	
C. is called Taunton			D. that called Taunton	
5. Wild fires are common in	the forest areas of Australia, of	the US and Canada,	the climate is moist	
A. in where	B. in that	C. where	D. which	
6. King Henry, was	Elizabeth I, led England into th	e Age of Empire.		
	B. whom daughter	C. which daughter	D. whose daughter	
The film about they a	are talking about is fantastic.			
A. Who	B. which	C. whom	D. that	
7. He is the boy is				
A. That	B. whom	C. who	D. whose	
8. I live in a pleasant room _	the garden.			
A. to overlook	B. overlooking	C. overlooked	D. which overlooking	
9. The pilot was the only ma	an after the crash.			
A.was rescued		C. rescuing	D. to be rescued	
10. I'll see you near the post	t office we met th	e other day.		
A. Which	B. where	C. when	D. why	
11. The people for the	bus in the rain are getting well.			
A. waiting	B. to wait	C. waited	D. wait	
12. I have a message for peo	ople by the traffic chaos.			
A. to delay	B. who delay	C. delayed	D. who delaying	
13. Melanie was the only pe	erson a letter of thanks.	•		
A. Wrote	B. written	C. to write	D. writing	
14. Tell me the reason	you were absent yesterday.		-	
A. Where	B. when	C. why	D. that	
15. 2005 was the year	there was a big earthquake	e in Indonesia.		
A.which	B.where	C.who	D.when	
16. A snake or a spider is the	e animalshe'd like to	keep as a pet.		
A.where	B.what	C.that	D.when	
17. My older brother,	was twenty-two last month,	has gone to work in Ind	lia.	
A.who	B.that	C.he	D.which	
19. There was a storm	I had never experienced b	pefore.		
A.such as	B.as which	C.which	D.for which	
ALTHOUGH/ IN SPITE (OF/ DESPITE			
1. Barry continued to smoke	e even though we had advised hi	im to quit.		
A. Barry took our advice so	he stopped smoking.			
B. If we had advised Barry,	he would have quit smoking.			
C. Barry did not quit smoking	ng because of our advice.			

- D. Despite being told not to smoke, Barry continued to do.
- 2. The teacher has done his best to help all students. However, none of them made any effort on their part
- A. The teacher has done his best to help all student, then, none of them made any effort on their part
- B. Although the teacher has done his best to help all students, none of them made any effort on their part
- C. Because the teacher has done his best to help all students, , none of them made any effort on their part
- D. If the teacher has done his best to help all students, , none of them made any effort on their part
- 3. Bob was very thirsty. He refused the glass of water I brought him.
- A/Bob was not very thirsty; therefore, he did not refuse the glass of water I brought him.
- B/Bob was very thirsty; however, he refused the glass of water I brought him.
- C/Bob refused the glass of water I brought him because he was not very thirsty.
- D/Bob did not refuse the glass of water I brought him though he was very thirsty.
- 4. Tim read articles about the company carefully. He then was able to answer all interview questions.
- A. Tim read articles about the company very carefully whereas he was able to answer all interview questions.
- B. Tim read articles about the company very carefully; therefore, he was able to answer all interview questions.
- C. Although Tim read articles about the company very carefully, he was able to answer all interview questions.
- D. If Tim read articles about the company very carefully, he would be able to answer all interview questions.
- 5. Although he was tired, he kept on working.
- A. Despite his tiredness, he kept on working.

- B. Despite of his tiredness, he kept on working. C. Despite his being tiredness, he kept on working. D. Despite his tiring, he kept on working. 6. Although she is intelligent, she doesn't do well at school. In spite of intelligent, but she doesn't do well at school. A. В. Even though her intelligent, yet she doesn't do well at school. C. Despite being intelligent, she doesn't do well at school. Although the fact that her intelligence, she doesn't do well at school. D. 7. Mary tried to keep calm although she was very disapointed. A. Mary was too disappointed to keep calm. Disappointed as she was, Mary tried to keep calm В. C. Mary lost her temper because of her disappointment. D. Feeling disappointed, Mary tried to keep calm, but she failed 8. Despite his ability to do the job, he was not offered the position. It was his ability that helped him do the job and get the position. B. Although he was able to do the job, but he was not offered the position.

 - C. He was not offered the position, regardless of his ability to the job.
 - If he had enough ability to do the job, he would be offered the position. D.
 - 9. I did not answer the door even though I knew it was my friend.
 - Unless I knew it was my friend, I would not answer the door. A.
 - I knew it was my friend, but I did not answer the door. В.
 - Only when I answered the door did I knew it was my friend

C. Only when I answered the door did I	knew it was my mend.		
D. I answer the door since I knew it was my friend.			
10. We had the school picnic	<u>.</u> .		
A. even though the rain	B. despite of the rain		
C. although it raining	D. In spite of the rain		
11. The plan may be ingenious. It will never work in practice.			
A. Ingenious as it may be, the plan will neve	er work in practice.		
B. Ingenious as may the plan, it will never w	ork in practice		
C.The plan may be too ingenious to work in	practice.		
D.The plan is impractical as it is ingenious.			
•••••	THE END		