**SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO TPHCM**

**TRƯỜNG THPT HÙNG VƯƠNG**

**BỘ MÔN: TIẾNG ANH - KHỐI LỚP: 12**

**TUẦN: 3/HK2 (từ 7/2/2022 đến 12/2/2022)**

**PHIẾU HƯỚNG DẪN HỌC SINH TỰ HỌC**

1. **Nhiệm vụ tự học, nguồn tài liệu cần tham khảo:**
* SGK
* Sách đề cương trường
* Sách tham khảo
1. **Kiến thức cần ghi nhớ:**

 **1. Kiến thức**

***•*** Kiến thức chung: Học sinh học về chủ đề Sách

• Ngôn ngữ: thể bị động ở Modal Verbs

• Từ mới: Các từ liên quan đến chủ đề Sách

**2. Kỹ năng**

• Đối sánh khả năng hiểu từ vựng

• Hiểu đoạn văn

• Sắp xếp trình tự của một sự kiện

1. **BÀI TẬP:**

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 1 to 5.**

There are books with fairy tails in many countries. Often the same stoties are known and repeated in many languages. Some of the things that happens in these stories are remarkable, although not as remarkable as things that are truly happening in medicine and science today.

Most fairy tails begin with “Once upon a time” and end with “They lived happily ever after”, so we will begin in the same way.

Once upon a time there was a girl calles Cinderella who did all the work in the kitchen while her lazy sister did nothing.

One night, her sister went to a ball at the palace. Cinderella was left home, very sad. After a time her fairy godmother appeared and told Cinderella that she could go to the ball- but to return home by midnight.

So she went to the ball in a beautiful dress in a wonderful coach. She danced with the prince but at midnight she ran back home, leaving one of her shoes on the floor. The prince wanted to see her again and went to every house in the capital until he found that the shoe was the right size for Cinderella. She and the price were married and lived happily ever after.

**Question 1:** Books with fairy are found in \_\_\_.

 A. our country only B. few countries C. all countries except ours D. many countries

**Question 2:** According to the passage, things truly happening in medicine and science today are \_\_\_ things that happenes in some fairy tails.

 A. more remarkable than B. less remarkable than

 C. as remarkable as D. not as remarkable as

**Question 3:** The word “ball” in the first sentence means \_\_\_.

 A. a sport equipment B. a dancing hall C. a balloon D. sphere

**Question 4:** Cinderella was very sad because \_\_\_.

 A. her sister did nothing B. her sister went to a ball and left her at home

 C. she did all the work in the kitchen D. her sister was invited to a hall

**Question 5:** At the end of the story \_\_\_.

 A. Cinderella could go to the ball and it was so happened that she and the prince was married

 B. Cinderella’s godmother came to comfort her

 C. one of Cinderella’ sisters was married to the prince

 D. the prince invited Cinderella to the hall

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 6 to 10.**

Reading, as you know, is a continuous and never ending process. If you do very little reading, or if you read only material that offers no challenge to your comprehension, your reading will be of very little use. Once we reach a certain age, or once our formal schooling is completed, many of us become so restricted in our choice of .reading that we rarely read any new type of reading experience. We tend to read only books in our professional or business field, or only inspirational books, or only our favorite newspapers every morning, or only one magazine for which we have developed a preference. And the trouble starts here. You should neither read only for entertainment nor only for information but you should also read for intellectual growth, for mental stimulation, for enriching your background of knowledge, for wisdom, and for broader outlook and mature understanding. What kind of books should you read to continue your intellectual growth, to gain a background for opinion and for judgment? The answer is simple one: Read books in fields you have little or no acquaintance with, books that will open for you new horizons of learning, books that will help you explore new areas of knowledge and experience, books that will make the world and people more understandable to you. Sadly, more and more people today are giving up the printed word in favor of being entertained and informed by watching TV, a popular entertainment, device present at almost homes. More and more children are being subjected to TV programming, perhaps as a babysitter. More than two hours of TV time per day are now a part of children development, generating physiological and mental problems that are of growing concern among experts.

**Question 6:** Reading \_\_\_.

 A. completely stops when we finish our schooling C. is of little use

 B. is an endless process D. should be done a little

**Question 7:** According to the text, \_\_\_.

 A. new type of reading experience often interests most of us

 B. we should only read for entertainment

 C. reading for intellectual growth is necessary

 D. we should not read for mental stimulation

**Question 8:** What kind of books is recommended?

 A. Books in fields you have little or no acquaintance with.

 B. Books that will help you explore new areas of knowledge and experience.

 C. Books that will open for you new horizons of learning.

 D. All are correct.

**Question 9:** We can learn from the text that today \_\_\_.

 A. people spend more time watching TV than reading books

 B. more and more people enjoy reading

 C. most babysitters prefer watching TV

 D. most children spend less than 2 hours a day watching TV

**Question 10:** The writer \_\_\_.

 A. does not approve of reading process C. prefers watching TV to reading

 B. advises us to read as little as possible D. appreciates reading

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word(s) for each of the blanks from 13 to 17.**

Today there are libraries in almost every towns in the world. Even in areas **(11)** \_\_\_ there are no libraries, there are often mobile libraries which take boos from one village to **(12)** \_\_\_. But in the days when books were copied by hand **(13)** \_\_\_ than printed, libraries were very rare. The reason is simple: books took a very long time to produce, and there were far fewer coppies of any given work around. The greatest library **(14)** \_\_\_ all, that in Alexandia, had 54,000 books.

In the ancient world, this number **(15**) \_\_\_ considered huge. It was the first time that anyone had collected so many books from all around the world **(16)** \_\_\_ one roof. There are many theories about why these books were lost. **(17)** \_\_\_ is that the library accidentally burned down. Another is that one of the rulers of the city ordered the books to be burned. They were taken to various places and it took six monthsto burn them. **(18)** \_\_\_ happened, the collection there was priceless. Many of the library’s treasures were lost forever-sone books were **(19)** \_\_\_ recovered. We cannot even know **(20)** \_\_\_ what the library contained.

11. A. where B. who C. the place D. which

12. A. other B. others C. the other D. another

13. A. rather B. else C. more D. much

14. A. of B. about C. in D. over

15. A. is B. has been C. were place D. was

16. A. in B. below C. over D. under

17. A. One B. A theory C. None D. All

18. A. Whoever B. Whichever C. whatever D. wherever

19. A. almost B. never C. already D. yet

20. A. exactly B. really C. detailedly D. yet

1. **NỘI DUNG CHUẨN BỊ:**

 Học sinh cần chuẩn bị kỹ bài đọc sách giáo khoa và các bài tập trang 53-54/SGK

1. **ĐÁP ÁN BÀI TẬP TỰ LUYỆN:**

1D – 2A – 3B – 4B – 5A

 6B – 7C– 8D – 9A – 10D

 11A – 12C – 13A – 14A – 15D – 16D – 17A – 18C – 19B – 20A

***Nếu có thắc mắc HS liên hệ GVBM để được hỗ trợ.***